

The Hongkong Telegraph.

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NEW SERIES No. 5520

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MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1907.

一拜禮 號五月八 英港香

\$30 PER ANNUM.
SINGLE COPY, 10 CENTS.

Banks.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL PAID-UP Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS " 14,550,000

Branches and Agencies.

TOKIO. CHEFOO.
KOBE. TIENSIN.
OSAKA. PEKIN.
NAGASAKI. NEWOHANG.
LONDON. DALNY.
LYONS. PORT ARTHUR.
NEW YORK. ANTUNG.
SAN FRANCISCO. LIOWANG.
HONOLULU. MUKDEN.
BOMBAY. TIENTSIN.
SHANGHAI. CHANG-CHUN.
HANKOW.

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.

HONGKONG:—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.
per annum on the Daily Balance.

On fixed deposit:—

For 12 months 5% p.a.
" 6 " 4% " "
" 3 " 3% " "

TAKAO, TAKAMICHI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1907. [17]

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

FISCAL AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES
IN CHINA, THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND
THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA.

CAPITAL PAID UP GOLD \$3,250,000
= ABOUT MEX \$5,000,000
RESERVE FUND GOLD \$3,250,000
= ABOUT MEX \$5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—

60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

LONDON OFFICE:
THREEDNEEDLE HOUSE, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF
ENGLAND, LIMITED.

THE CAPITAL AND COUNTRIES BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE
WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every Description
of Banking and Exchange Business,
receives Money in Current Account at the
rate of 2% per annum on daily balances and ac-
cepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

For 12 months 4% per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 3% " "
" 3 " 2% " "

No. 9, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1907. [18]

DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP:—Sh. Tsch. 7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SHANGHAI.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: BERLIN.

BRANCHES:

Berlin Calcutta Hamburg Hankow
Kobe Peking Singapore Tientsin
Tientsin Tsingtau Yokohama

FOUNDED BY THE FOLLOWING BANKS AND
BANKERS:

Koenigliche Seehandlung (Preussis-
che Staatsbank)

Direction der Disconto-Gesellschaft

Deutsche Bank S. Bleichroeder

Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft

Bank fuer Handel und Industrie

Robert Warshawsky & Co.

Mendelssohn & Co.

M. A. von Rothschild & Soehne

Jacob S. H. Stern

Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg, Hamburg.

Sal. Oppenheim jr. & Co., Koeln.

Bayrische Hypotheken und Wechselbank,
Muenchen.

LONDON BANKERS:

Messrs. N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS.

THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK,
LIMITED.

DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENCY.

DIRECTION DER DISCONTO GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST allowed on Current Account.

DEPOSITS received on terms which may be
learned on application. Every description of
Banking and Exchange business transacted.

F. JUNG,
Manager.

Hongkong, 11th January, 1907. [24]

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL- MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

ESTABLISHED 1824.

PAID-UP CAPITAL Fl. 45,000,000 (£3,750,000).

RESERVE FUND Fl. 5,000,000 (£417,000).

Head Office:—AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency:—BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:—Singapore, Penang, Shanghai,

Rangoon, Samarang, Sourabaya, Cheribon,

Tegal, Pecalongan, Paseroean, Tjilatjap,

Padang, Medan (Delir), Palembang, Kota-
Radja (Acheen), Baudjermasin.

Correspondents at Macassar, Bombay, Colombo,
Madras, Pondicherry, Calcutta, Bang-
kok, Saigon, Haiphong, Hankow, Amoy,
Yokohama, Kobe, Melbourne, Sydney,
New York, San Francisco, &c.

LONDON BANKERS:

THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S
BANK, LIMITED.

THE Bank buys and sells and receives for
collection Bills of Exchange, issues
letters of credit on its Branches and cor-
respondents in the East, on the Continent, in
Great Britain, America, and Australia, and
transacts banking business of every description.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts 2% per annum on daily
balances.

Fixed Deposits 12 months 4% per annum.

Do. 6 do. 3% do.

Do. 3 do. 2% do.

J. L. VAN HOUTEN,
Agent.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1907. [20]

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$10,000,000

RESERVE FUND:—

Sterling Reserve \$10,000,000 \$21,000,000

Silver Reserve \$11,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$10,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

G. H. Medhurst, Esq., Chairman.

Hon. Mr. Henry Keswick, Deputy Chairman

A. Fuchs, Esq. E. Shellim, Esq.

E. Goetz, Esq. R. Shewan, Esq.

A. Haupt, Esq. H. A. W. Slade, Esq.

C. R. Lenemann, Esq. H. E. Tomkins, Esq.

A. J. Raymond, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong:—J. R. M. SMITH.

MANAGER:

Shanghai:—H. E. R. HUNTER.

LONDON BANKERS:—LONDON AND COUNTRY
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG:—INTEREST ALLOWED:

On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.
per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 3 months, 2% per Cent. per annum.

For 6 months, 3% per Cent. per annum.

For 12 months, 4% per Cent. per annum.

J. R. M. SMITH,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1907. [21]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted
by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be
obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3% p.a.

Depositors may transfer at their option
balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED
DEPOSIT at 4% p.a. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

J. R. M. SMITH,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1907. [22]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL £ 800,000

Shortly to be increased to £1,200,000

RESERVE FUND £1,075,000

Shortly to be increased to £1,475,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS £ 800,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT
ACCOUNT at the rate of 2 per cent. per
annum on the Daily Balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months, 4% per cent.

" 6 " 3% " "

" 3 " 2% " "

" JOHN ARMSTRONG,

Manager.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1907. [23]

Notice of Firm.

INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING CAR

and

EXPRESS TRAINS Co.

(THE

GREAT TRANS-SIBERIAN ROUTE

TO EUROPE.)

HAVING been appointed AGENTS for
the above Company, we shall be
pleased to give any information as to rates of
passage, &c., in connection with above.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1907. [707]

Intimations.

OREGON PINE LUMBER.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LIMITED,
have always in stock a supply of the
above in all sizes. Prices may be obtained on
application.

Hongkong, 25th July, 1907. [682]

A. CHAZALON & CO.

6, Queen's Road Central,

WINE, SPIRIT AND COAL MERCHANTS AND
GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.

Just Unpacked.

BARCLAY PERKIN'S STOUT

in pints and Baby bottles.

FRENCH SYRUPS

GRENADINE, GROSEILLE, &c.

VICHY, PERRIER, ROCHEMAURE

AND
Other FRENCH MINERAL WATERS

ALSO
Large Assortment of CANNED GOODS

available for Picnic.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1907. [49]

Mails.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL ON REMARKS

SHANGHAI:—MARMORA About 8th } Freight and
Capt. G. H. C. Weston, R.N.R. } Passage.

LONDON, &c., via usual Ports { DELHI 10th Aug. } See Special
of Call { Capt. J. D. Andrews, R.N.R. } Advertisement

LONDON and ANTWERP { SIMLA About 14th } Freight and
via SINGAPORE, PENANG, { Capt. C. D. Goldsmith, R.N.R. } Passage.

COLOMBO, PORT SAID, and MARSEILLES Aug. } Passage.

For Further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1907. [2]

Intimations.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

DELICIOUS with PRESERVED IN ALL ITS NATURAL RICHNESS GUARANTEED FRESH.



PRICES: 27 cts., 35 cts., 50 cts. - per Tin.

\$3.00, \$3.85, \$5.50 - per Dozen.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO. [35]

ASK FOR KUPPER'S PILSENER BEER

and see that you get it.

LOOK CAREFULLY AT THE LABEL.

BEWARE OF COLOURABLE IMITATIONS.

SOLE AGENTS,

CALDBECK MACGREGOR & CO.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Hongkong, 6th July, 1907. [18]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

On SUNDAY, the 11th August,

THE Company's Steamship

"SUI-AN"

will depart from DOUGLAS WHARF at 9 A.M.

Returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

Luncheon and Refreshments supplied on board.

Saloon, Return Fare \$4.00

" " on the following day 5.00

" Single " 2.00

Popular Excursion Rates as usual.

Children under 12 years Half-Price.

NO CHITS will be accepted and servants' passage must be paid for.

N.B.—The Company also runs a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and
from Hongkong at 1 P.M. from the COMPANY'S WHARF. This steamer connects with the
returning steamer from Macao.

W. E. CLARKE,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1907. [79]

Intimations.

One of the most prominent Medical men of

China said:

"Where Bear Brand Milk is

Known, the public will

have no further com-

plaint as to their milk

supply."

For Sale at

THE SAVOY,

in Queen's Road Central and at their Branch Store in Kowloon.

THE MUTUAL STORES,

and all its BRANCHES.

WATSON & CO., LD.,

and the Agents—

F. BLACKHEAD & Co.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1907. [30]

THE CITY OF PARIS,

PARISIAN DRESSMAKERS AND COURT MILLINERS,

2, PEDDER STREET, MADAME FLINT, MANAGERESS.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

LADIES' HATS, TOQUES & BLOUSES

DIRECT FROM PARIS.

PRICES VERY MODERATE. [39]

CHAMPAGNE.

G. H. MUMM & CO.

THE MOST POPULAR WINE

Can be had in the following qualities:

EXTRA DRY (Gout Americain);

BRUT (Cordon Rouge).

Sales in the United States exceed the total of

all other Brands.

Served in all Clubs and First-class Hotels,

and obtainable at all Wine Merchants in the

Colony. [545]

Hotels.

CONNAUGHT HOTEL,

HONGKONG.

A FIRST-CLASS EUROPEAN HOTEL,

SITUATED IN THE MAIN STREET NEAR THE BANKS AND PRINCIPAL OFFICES.

STRICTLY EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

Wines and Spirits of the very Best Quality.

Bath to Every Room.

Hot and Cold Water Throughout.

Hotel Launch Meets all Steamers.

Special Terms for Tourists and Parties or Families.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO—

THE MANAGER & AGENT.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

Military Band during dinner on Saturday Nights.

A. F. DAVIES,

Manager. [26]

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN,

PLUNKET'S GAP, the PEAK, near the TRAM TERMINUS, Tel. 66.

For Terms, &c., apply to the

MANAGER

Hongkong, and Tel. 2000. [29]

VICTORIA HOTEL, MACAO HOTEL,

(TELEGRAMS—VICTORIA—SHAMEN),

SHAMEN, CANTON.

Shipping—Steamers.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. "HONAM," 2,335 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.
 "POWAN," 2,338 " " W. A. Valentia.
 "FATSHAN," 2,250 " " C. V. Lloyd.
 "KINSHAN," 1,995 " " B. Branch.
 "HEUNGSHAN," 1,998 " " R. D. Thomas.

Departure from HONGKONG to CANTON daily at 8 A.M. (Sunday excepted), 10 P.M. (Saturday excepted).
 Departures from CANTON to HONGKONG daily at 8 A.M. and 5 P.M. (Sunday excepted).
 The S.S. "POWAN" will leave Hongkong every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M. from Queen Street Wharf West, returning from Canton every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5:30 P.M.
 These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUI-AN," 1,651 tons, Captain E. H. Grainger.
 "SUI-TAI," 1,651 " " G. F. Morrison.

Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 8 A.M. from DOUGLAS WHARF and at 2 P.M. from the COMPANY'S WHARF.
 On Sundays Special Cheap Excursions leaving Hongkong at 9 A.M. from DOUGLAS WHARF and from Macao at 5 P.M.
 The Company also runs a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7:30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 1 P.M. from the Company's wharf.
 Departures from Macao to Hongkong on week days at 7:30 A.M. and 2 P.M.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "LUNGSHAN," 2,19 tons, Captain T. Hamlin.
 Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7:30 A.M.
 Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 A.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K. C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM," 588 tons, Captain J. Willox.
 "NANNING," 569 " " Mackinnon.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8:30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. These vessels have Superior Cabin Accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—
 HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
 Hotel Mansions, (First Floor), opposite the Hongkong Hotel,
 Or of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
 Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
 Hongkong, 13th July, 1907.

REGULAR HONGKONG-CANTON LINE OF STEAMERS

COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE DES INDES ET DE L'EXTREME ORIENT.

S.S. "PAUL BEAU," 1,900 tons, 14 knots.
 S.S. "CHARLES HARDOUIN," 1,900 tons, 14 knots.

The speediest, most luxuriously appointed and punctual steamers on the line.
 Departure from Hongkong at 9:30 P.M. (Sundays excepted).
 Departure from Canton at 5:15 P.M. (Sundays excepted).

These superb steamers carrying the French Mail are fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and were specially built for this trade. Excellent cuisine.
 The Company's Wharf is at the end of Wing Lok Street (Tram Station).
 Canton Agents—Messrs. E. Pasquet & Co.
 For further particulars, please apply to—
 BARRETTO & CO.,
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 5th April, 1907.

WEST RIVER BRITISH STEAMSHIP CO.

HONGKONG-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SAN-UI."
 SAILING TWICE A WEEK. THE ROUND TRIP OCCUPIES 51 DAYS.
 THE steamers sail from HONGKONG to SAMSHUI, SHUIHONG, TAKING and WUCHOW. They pass through the Canton Delta, and steam up about 150 miles through the gorges, and beautiful scenery of the West River.
 Fare for the Round Trip, \$30.
 These steamers have Excellent Saloon Accommodation, and are Lighted by Electricity.
 For further information, apply to—
 BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
 AGENTS,
 WEST RIVER BRITISH S.S. CO.
 HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 6th October, 1906.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN

REGULAR THREE-WEEKLY SERVICE
 BETWEEN
 JAVA, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Steamer.	From	Expected on or about	Will leave for	On or about
TJIKINI	JAPAN	Second half July	JAVA PORTS	First half Aug.
TJILWONG..	JAVA	First half Aug.	JAPAN	First half Aug.
TJIMAHU....	JAPAN	First half Aug.	JAVA PORTS	First half Aug.
TJIBODAS ..	JAPAN	Second half Aug.	JAVA PORTS	Second half Aug.
TJIPANAS ..	JAPAN	First half Sept.	JAVA PORTS	First half Sept.
TJILATIAP...	JAPAN	First half Sept.	JAVA PORTS	First half Sept.

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have Accommodation for a limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Netherland India Ports on through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Telephone No. 375.
 YORK BUILDINGS, 1st floor,
 Hongkong, 25th July, 1907.

Dentistry.

DR. M. H. OHAUN
 THE LATEST METHOD
 of the
 AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.
 35, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
 From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.
 Hongkong, 16th April, 1905.

TBIN TING,
 LATEST METHODS OF DENTISTRY.
 STUDIO AT NO. 14, D'AGUIAR STREET.
 REASONABLE FEE.
 Consultation Free.
 Hongkong, 20th June, 1904.

Intimation.

THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., Ltd.

No. 1 DOCK.
 Length inside 514 ft. Width of entrance, top 85 ft., bottom 75 ft. Water on blocks, 27.5 ft. Time to pump out, 4 hours.

No. 2 DOCK.
 Length inside, 375 ft. Width of entrance, top 60.5 ft., bottom 45.8 ft. Water on blocks, 26.5 ft. Time to pump out, 2 hours.

THESE DOCKS are conveniently situated in Yokohama harbour, and the attention of Captains and Engineers is respectfully called to the advantages offered for Docking and repairing Vessels and Machinery of every description.

The plant and tools are of recent patterns for dealing quickly and cheaply with work and a large stock of material is always at hand, (plates and angles all being tested by Lloyd's surveyors).

Two powerful Twin Screw Towboats are available for taking Vessels in or out of Dock, and for taking Sailing Vessels in or out of the bay. The floating derrick is capable of lifting 35 tons.

Steam Launches of Steel or Wood, Lighters, Steel Buildings and Roofs, Bridge Work, and all kinds of Machinery are made on the premises.

Tenders will be made up when required and the workmanship and material will be guaranteed.

The cost of Docking, and repair work, will be found to compare favourably with that of any port in the world.

Telephone: Nos. 378, 608, or 681.

Telegrams, "Dock, Yokohama," Codes A. B. C. 4th and 5th Edt.
 Liebers, Scotts, A. 1, and Watkins.

Yokohama, May 23rd, 1905.

Mails.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,

BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

FOR STREAMERS TO SAIL

NAPLES, GENOA, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP, and HAMBURG. "ZIETEN" WEDNESDAY, Noon, 14th Aug., 1907.
 SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA. "PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH" about WEDNESDAY, 14th Aug., 1907.
 MANILA, NEW GUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE. "PRINZ WALDEMAR" THURSDAY, Noon, 15th Aug., 1907.
 YOKOHAMA and KOBE. "PRINZ SIGISMUND" about FRIDAY, 23rd Aug., 1907.
 KUDAT and SANDAKAN. "BORNEO" about SATURDAY, 9 A.M., 31st Aug., 1907.

For further Particulars, apply to

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

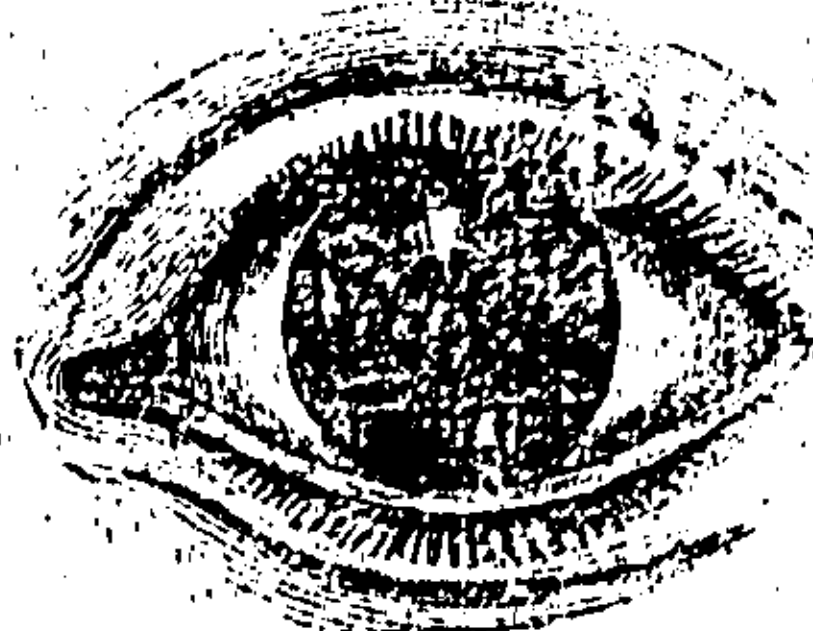
MELCHERS & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS, HONGKONG & CHINA.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1907.

Intimation.

EYES



RIGHT!

N. LAZARUS, OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN,
 3, PEDDER STREET, HONGKONG.

Will test your eyes free of charge, and if they are wrong will put them right.
 Lenses Ground. All kinds of Repairs. Spectacles for all requirements.
 Ask, or write, for Illustrated Booklet on "Defective Sight"—free.
 LONDON, CALCUTTA, SHANGHAI.
 21, John Street, Bedford Row, W.C. 59, Beutlinck Street. 566, Nanking Road.
 Hongkong, 27th November, 1905.

Hotel.

KOWLOON HOTEL, HONGKONG.

NEEDS NO ADVERTISING.

World-Wide Reputation.
 The only First-class Hotel in Kowloon.
 Most Charming and Popular Resort in the Colony.
 Electric Lights, Fans and Call Bells.
 Bath Rooms attached to Each Room.
 "CHEF" HONGKONG,
 Telephone No. K4.

Unrivalled for Comfort and Cuisine.
 Thoroughly Up-to-Date with Every Modern Luxury.
 Billiards and Bowling Alleys.
 Moderate Terms and No Extras.
 Modern Management.

O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVE ASSOCIATION.

The following are the highest scores at the monthly competition for the cups presented by His Excellency Sir Matthew Nathan and Sir Paul Chater during the month of June.

A. Jenkins 70 sec. = 70
 D. Bolton 59 + 11 = 70
 D. Willis 57 + 13 = 70
 Dr. J. M. Atkinson 56 + 14 = 70
 J. Lewington 62 + 7 = 69
 Dr. Evan Jones 62 + 7 = 69
 P. F. J. Wodehouse 64 + 4 = 68
 E. S. Carruthers 64 + 4 = 68
 A. Mackenzie 63 + 5 = 68
 H. W. Bird 62 + 6 = 68
 W. J. Saunders 61 + 7 = 68
 G. Gibson 48 + 20 = 68
 A. Moir 59 + 8 = 67
 Hon. Mr. F. H. May 57 + 10 = 67
 J. H. Pidgeon 66 sec. = 66
 S. E. Green 64 + 2 = 66
 E. W. Torrey 53 + 13 = 66
 J. C. Gow 65 sec. = 65
 W. J. I. Galt 54 + 11 = 65
 R. Baker 60 + 4 = 64
 Sir Francis Pigott 59 + 4 = 63
 A. Blouet 57 + 6 = 63

There were 119 entries.

POOL COMPETITION.

8th & 9th June Won by Dr. J. M. Atkinson Score 70
 15th & 16th " Mr. H. W. Bird " 68
 19th & 20th " " " " 68

It is published for the information of members that the reasons for the present arrangement of dates of shooting at Kowloon King's Park Range and the Peak Range respectively are as follows:—

The Volunteers use the King's Park Range on the 1st and 3rd Saturdays and Sundays in each month, on these days therefore the shooting must be at the Peak Range.

The 1st Saturday and Sunday will be in future allotted to the Governor's Cup and the 3rd Saturday and Sunday to the Douglas Cup.

The 2nd Saturday and Sunday are set apart for the Governor's Cup and Chater Cup competition and the 4th Saturday and Sunday for the Berkeley Cup at 6:30 both at King's Park Range.

Thus there will be in future only two week end shoots for the Governor's Cup and one each for the Berkeley and Douglas Cups.

The fifth Saturday and Sunday which occur once a quarter are available for the Medhurst Cup to be competed for at disappearing targets. Public holidays will also be allotted to this competition and the conditions and arrangements will be the same as for the China Mail Cup shot for in 1906.

These arrangements may be considered as fixtures for 1907 which will be adhered to unless unforeseen circumstances arise, when notification will be issued to members.

THE NEW SERVICE BULLET.

Within the last two years both France and Germany have adopted a new rifle bullet of this sort. Both nations, from all accounts, appear quite satisfied with the results obtained; and there is reason to believe the pointed bullet is being experimented with in other armies. Taking the German "Spitzen" or "9" bullet as a type, it appears that the calibre is the same as that of the original projectile of the service rifle, and like it has a leaden core with a nickel steel mantle half a millimetre thick; but its total length had been cut down from 34 to 28 mm., and it consists of a base which is cylindrical, with a conical tip; the weight is reduced proportionately, i.e., from 14.9 to 10 grammes. The ballistic properties of the projectile are, on the whole, superior to those of the older pattern of conventional form; with a slight increase of charge the velocity at 25 metres from the muzzle has risen from 620 to 800 metres per second, and the trajectory is very much flatter, so that any object 5 feet 8 inches high is liable to be struck up to a range of 600 metres. At long ranges, as might be expected, the lightness and shortness of the new "S" bullet tell against it, in the direction of reduced velocity. The results of the introduction of the pointed bullet then are likely to be an increase in number of hits at ranges up to 600 metres, and of the number of rounds that the individual soldier can carry; the question is how it compares with the cylindrical form in regard to stopping power, as distinct from mere penetration. This is an all important point, and, for the present, opinions are divided in the absence of a sufficient number of experiments; for the fact that at 1,800 metres the new bullet has just double the penetrative power on wood that the old possessed is not altogether sufficient proof that it will have a proportionately greater effect on the human frame; moreover, the question of "stopping power" does not come in at that range to the same extent as at 800 metres. *Prima facie* the increased velocity, reduced weight, and pointed form should make it a more humane bullet than its predecessor, and if these pointed bullets are to come in generally we may probably expect an increased number of casualties, but of casualties which will be returned to the fighting line sooner than ever—Pioneer.

Consignees.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship
 "HABSBURG"
 Captain Filler, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature by the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their goods from alongside.
 Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before TO-DAY.
 Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be landed into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.
 All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.
 No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 6th prox., will be subject to rent.
 All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 6th prox., at 3 P.M.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected.
 HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
 Hongkong Office.
 Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. [700]

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN. IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship
 "PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD,"
 having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure, and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.
 Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before TUESDAY, the 30th of July, at 10 A.M.
 No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 5th of August, will be subject to rent.
 All broken chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 5th of August, at 9:30 A.M.
 All Claims must reach us before the 10th of August, or they will not be recognised.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected.
 Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. [71]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer
 "PALMA,"
 FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, MALTA, PORT SAID, SUEZ AND STRAITS.
 Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.
 Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 6 hours.
 Goods not cleared by the 8th inst., at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected by me, in any case whatever.
 Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Company's representative at an appointed hour.
 All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.
 No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.
 E. A. HEWETT,
 Superintendent.
 Hongkong, 1st August, 1907. [72]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM MELBOURNE.

THE Steamship
 "HARHART,"
 Captain Bowling, having arrived, Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature to the undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their goods from alongside.
 Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.
 SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 1st August, 1907. [713]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship
 "LAISANG,"
 having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.
 Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 P.M., on the 5th inst., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.
 No Fire Insurance will be effected.
 Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers.
 Hongkong, 2nd August, 1907. [74]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net \$4.50 per Cask ex Factory.
 In Bags of 50 lbs. net \$2.70 per Bag ex Factory.
 SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
 General Managers.
 Hongkong, 2nd October, 1904. [75]

THE HONGKONG STUDIO

HIGHER CLASS PHOTOGRAPHER,
 41 & 43, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
 TOP FLOOR.

PORTRAITS, GROUPS AND ENLARGING AND COPYING in all Sizes.

LARGE SELECTION OF VIEWS ALWAYS ON HAND.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.
 Hongkong, 15th September, 1905. [76]

Powell's ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

DIRECT IMPORTERS

BABY CARRIAGES

Special Lines in

TROLLEY CARS

Dainty Upholstered

CHILDREN'S COTS

CANOPIES, RUGS and SUNDRIES

WM. POWELL,
LTD.,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1907.

Public Companies.

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIFTY-SECOND ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, Hotel Mansions, on TUESDAY, the 13th August, at 12 o'clock, Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, confirming the appointment of Directors and selecting Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, will be CLOSED from the 1st July to 13th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

W. E. CLARKE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 22nd July, 1907.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK-
ING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of August, 1907, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to the 30th June, 1907.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1907.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK-
ING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the REGISTRATION OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, the 6th, to the 17th day of August, 1907, (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1907.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Offices of the Company, Queen's Buildings, Connaught Road, on MONDAY, 19th August, at 12 o'clock, Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts to the 30th June, 1907.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th to the 19th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

THOS. I. ROSE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 29th July, 1907.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are reminded that Interest at the rate of 12 per annum is payable on overdue calls.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1907.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of 80 cents per Share for the Six Months ending 30th June, 1907, will be payable on the 17th August, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 17th August, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1907.

FABST BREWING COMPANY,
MILWAUKEE.

FRESH SUPPLIES

ALWAYS KEPT IN STOCK

BY
SIEMSEN & Co.,
Agents for
HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA.

Hongkong, 29th July, 1907.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD., have now 40,000 Cubic feet of COLD STORAGE available at EAST POINT. Stores will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.

WM. PARLANE,
Manager.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1907.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY,
LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD., have now 40,000 Cubic feet of COLD STORAGE available at EAST POINT. Stores will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.

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WM. PARLANE,
Manager.

SHANGHAI SHARE TRANS- ACTIONS.

BENJAMIN and POTTS v. GORDON, NIELSEN.

At the Danish Consular Court, at Shanghai, on 29th ult., before Mr. T. Raaschou, the hearing of the above suit was continued. Mr. L. E. P. Jones appeared for the plaintiff; defendant was unrepresented by counsel.

His Honour announced the following decision on the opening of the Court:—

Inasmuch as the plaintiff sues for more than the amount of the promissory note, facts connected with the origin of the claim may be relevant to the case. Furthermore, the defence also raises the question of the validity of the signature to the promissory note and brings in a counterclaim. The defence, therefore, cannot, as a whole, be held to be irrelevant to the decision of the case.

Mr. L. E. P. Jones then answered the defendant's answer verbally. He said that Paragraphs 1A and 2A were not admitted; in Paragraph 3A the allegation that the plaintiff's signature to the promissory note was forged was not admitted; Paragraph 4A the allegation that the plaintiff's signature to the promissory note was forged was not admitted; Paragraph 5A the allegation that the plaintiff's signature to the promissory note was forged was not admitted.

Mr. Nielsen said that he desired to ask defendant a question with regard to Paragraph 6A. Paragraph 6A of the plaintiff's petition stated that defendant was now in a position to pay. He wanted to know whether defendant maintained he was not in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Mr. Jones said that the allegation contained in Paragraph 6A was not admitted. With regard to Paragraph 6B, the plaintiff said that defendant was now in a position to pay.

The case was adjourned until September 6, defendant in the meantime being ordered to file a complete statement of his defence.

Mr. Nielsen said he was in a position to pay.

Intimations.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

IT is proposed to form an INFANTRY COMPANY with a DETACHMENT OF CYCLISTS. All who are desirous of joining are requested to apply personally at Volunteer Headquarters morning or afternoon.

A. J. THOMPSON, Captain,
Staff Officer H.K.V.C.

Hongkong, 26th July, 1907.

THE Management of the HONGKONG HOTEL tender their SINCERE THANKS to the Gentlemen who so kindly rendered assistance in connection with the work of rescue on THURSDAY last.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1907.

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE,
1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARK.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. W. G. HUMPHREYS and COMPANY, of No. 16, Queen's Road Central, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, Merchants and Commission Agents, have, on the 30th day of May, 1907, applied for the Registration in Hongkong, in the Register of Trade Marks, of the following Trade Mark:—

The representation of a Peacock perched on a Branch of a Tree in a Garden, and the name "W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO." in the name of W. G. HUMPHREYS & COMPANY, who claim to be the proprietors thereof.

The Trade Mark has been used by the Applicants in respect of Articles of Clothing in Class 38.

A Facsimile of the Trade Mark can be seen at the Office of the Colonial Secretary of Hongkong, and also at the Office of the Under-Signed.

Dated the 31st day of June, 1907.

WILKINSON & CRIST,
Solicitors for the Applicants.THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE,
1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARK.

NOTICE is hereby given that MARTINI and ROSSI, of Corso Vittorio Emanuele, 42, Turin, Italy, Merchants, have, on the 4th day of May, 1907, applied for the Registration in Hongkong, in the Register of Trade Marks, of the following Trade Mark:—

The representation of a Peacock perched on a Branch of a Tree in a Garden, and the name "W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO." in the name of W. G. HUMPHREYS & COMPANY, who claim to be the proprietors thereof.

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Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the

HON. THE CAPTAIN SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION, TO-MORROW,

the 6th August, 1907, at 11 A.M., at the Central Police Station Compound,

SUNDRY CONDEMNED AND OBSOLETE STORES, Comprising:—

CLOTHING, BOOTS, OLD METALS, RICE, YARN, RICKSHAS, SANDALWOOD and a small quantity of SILVER JEWELRY;

AND Immediately after the sale at Fire Brigade Station, Queen's Road Central, A QUANTITY OF CONDEMNED STORES.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Government Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1907.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Hon. The Harbour Master, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 7th August, 1907, at 11 A.M., at Causeway Bay on the Spot,

The Wreck of the Steamer "KWEILUM";

ALSO ONE STONE JUNK.

(Both lying at Causeway Bay.)

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Government Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1

Intimation.



A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WATSON'S FRUIT SYRUPS.

Prepared from Genuine
Fruit Juices, containing
the full flavour of the
sound ripe fruit.

Mixed with plain or
Aerated Water they
make delightful cooling
drinks.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED,
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,
Hongkong, 3rd August, 1937.

BIRTHS.

On July 1, at Building, Berkshire, wife of J. BELL-IRVING, son.
On July 26, 1937, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. J. V. C. DAVIS, a son.
On July 29, 1937, at Shanghai, to Captain and Mrs. G. C. PURTON, a son.

DEATHS.

On July 26, 1937, at Shanghai, CATHERINE MARI, the only beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Castro, aged 8 months 1 day.
On July 28, 1937, at Shanghai, ALEXANDER MITCHELL, of the Presbyterian Mission Press, age 45 years.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1937.

CHINA'S JUDICIARY.

Edicts of the Emperor and Viceregal proclamations on the subject of reform of the judicial department are worthless unless supported by concrete instances showing that bona fide effort is being made to carry out these reforms in practice. It is gratifying, in connection with such a case as that of the Cantonese teacher recently examined in Peking, an account of which will be found in our news columns to-day, to see unquestionable indication of a real effort being made, at least in that quarter of China, to improve on the old methods of justice. The Government has committed itself to the abolition of torture of prisoners and witnesses in securing evidence. It was perhaps too much to expect of a Chinese judge that he should not threaten his prisoner with the rack for so persistently denying his guilt, yet the very creditable fact remains that torture was not employed, even when every other means failed to elicit the incriminating evidence. Besides, there did appear to be a real sincerity of purpose which manifested itself in the unstinted use of the telegraph in securing evidence from distant points—evidence which turned out to be corroborative of the accused's story. Moreover, when his innocence was established, albeit by what appear to the Western mind the somewhat tortuous methods of Chinese justice, the accused man was set at liberty, with what, when one considers the usual course of events in the East, appears to be commendable promptitude. Due credit should be given the Government for its conduct of the case. One cannot help noting the altogether irresponsible manner in which the Government's secret service are permitted to conduct their operations. There ought to be some safeguards which would make an innocent man less liable to the annoyance, anxiety, expense, and real danger to which the carelessness, the selfish ambition, or the wicked spitefulness of some informant may expose him, leaving him without the possibility of redress. In like manner one notes with a feeling of disappointment that the Government has not yet learned that a certain degree of publicity is necessary to justice. The more such cases are surrounded by secrecy, the greater is the chance of unfairness, and the more are open-minded

men prone to suspect unfairness. Secrecy prevents an innocent man or his friends from tracing a slanderous charge to its source, and proving his innocence. The conception of the State's functions should be something more dignified and worthy than that of a mere sleuth-hound to run criminals to earth. A fair trial is impossible unless the State realizes her own obligations to her subjects as well as their obligations to her; and that in every case that comes up between her and one of her citizens, the State is on trial quite as much as the accused. It is evident that no such conception of law and its execution has penetrated the official consciousness of China.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

SENATOR PETTUS of Alabama has died at the age of eighty-six.

THE losses occasioned by the fire at Coney Island are estimated at 1,700,000 dollars.

THE Russo-Japanese commercial and fishery Treaties were signed in St. Petersburg on 28th ult.

THE C. M. S. N. Co.'s s.s. *Awanglee* in harbour yesterday was dressed in honour of the birthday of the Emperor of China.

THE Russian Government proposes to establish at Harbin a Secretariat for the transaction of Far Eastern Affairs and Frontier matters.

THE Emperor of China has bestowed on Mr. G. D. Advocate, Consul-General of the Netherlands at Shanghai, the Order of the Double Dragon, Third Class.

TAN HSIO-HENG recommends the establishment of three sub-departments of the Ministry of War, namely, (a) strategy, (b) shipping matters, and (c) ways and means.

Sir Matthew Nathan, the new Governor of Natal, was entertained at dinner on 3rd ult. by the African Society at the Criterion Restaurant. Sir Godfrey Lagden presided.

THE Ministry of the Interior at Peking has decided upon forty-six regulations for the control of the monopoly of the sale of opium. They will be presented to the Throne for approval in a few days.

ON 25th ult. the tenders for dredging the Whangpu at Woosung and building the jetty from Prince's Pier were formally signed at the office of the Conservancy Board. The dredgers are already on their way out from Holland.

THE Chinese Engineering and Mining Company announces that the total output of the Company's three mines for the week ending July 20, 1937, amounted to 26,333.50 tons and the sales during the same period to 16,160.22 tons.

MR. Keir Hardie made his first appearance in the House on 4th ult. after his severe illness and was welcomed by members of all parties. He is about to start on an extended tour, which in his first intent recuperative, will also be, in a sense, political. He intends to visit Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, India, and South Africa.

THE steamer *Estang Yang Maru*, which was built at the Kawasaki Dockyard to the order of the Yangtze Steamship Company, underwent a trial trip outside Kobe Harbour on the 26th July with very good results. The vessel developed a maximum speed of 16.02 knots and an average of 15.6 knots, whereas the contracted speed was 13 knots per hour.

A MASS meeting of gentry and people of Fukien province is to be held in Amoy on the 3rd inst. to discuss ways and means concerning the construction of a Provincial Railway entirely with Chinese money. The proposed railway is to connect with the Yueh-Han (Canton-Hankow) and Chékiang railways. The meeting is to be presided over by his Honour Liu Ch'ing-lén, Tao-tai of Amoy.

OVER thirty notable men associated with the riots in Seoul have been arrested. The new Emperor and his father, the ex-Emperor, now occupy separate palaces. Renewed efforts are being made to restore discipline at the Palace. Prince Wihwa left Seoul on 30th ult. This step has been taken, it is understood, in order to avoid the possibility of intrigue at the installation of the Crown Prince.

THE ceremony of consecrating the Rev. Gerard Heath Laidler, M.A., recently of St. Cyprian Church Liverpool, as Bishop in Victoria, Hongkong, was performed on 29th June by the Archbishop of Canterbury at the Lambeth Parish Church. Among those present who took part in the ceremony were the Bishop of Winchester, and Bishops Selkirk, Royston, Ingham, and Montgomery. The preacher was the Bishop of Jirra.

A TOKIO telegram of 30th ult. states that the situation at Seoul and in the provinces is outwardly quiet, but it is held that there is no ground for extreme optimism, as there is undoubtedly a strong undercurrent of antagonism. The Press is divided in its opinions; one section regrets the excessive moderation displayed by Japan. Spasmodic disturbances in the provinces are reported from Korea, and increased military precautions are being taken. Viscount Hayashi was to leave Seoul on 28th ult. for Tokyo.

THE N. C. D. News understands that the Wai-wu has recalled Taitao Liu Yuh-lin, Chinese Consul-General and Special Commissioner at Johannesburg, in order to give him the task of opening up negotiations with the Ministers of the various Powers in Peking, concerning the reduction of the opium traffic and prohibition of opium consumption in this country. Consul-General Liu Yuh-lin is a returned American student of the Chinese Educational Mission to the U.S. in the seventies, and well able to deal with the work to which he has been selected by the Wai-wu.

TYPHOON CONTROVERSY
REVIVED.

VIGOROUS CRITICISMS FROM
SICAWEL.

LETTER BY REV. F. HILLER L. PROC, S. J.

On the 1st inst. we published an exclusive telegram from our Shanghai correspondent giving the substance of a letter by the Director of the 'Sicawei Observatory' committing on the opinion of the Astronomer Royal on the finding of the Committee of Inquiry appointed to ascertain the sufficiency or otherwise of the typhoon warning on 18th September last. We reproduce to-day the letter of the Rev. Father L. Proc, S. J., which appears in the N. C. D. News of the 1st inst. The letter reads:—

I have read in your number of to-day the opinion of the director of the 'Sicawei Observatory' at Greenwich (London) on the Hongkong typhoon September 18, 1926. I am glad to see that the Observatory of the British Colony is there discharged from blame. There is no profit in casting doubt on the value of institutions giving warnings to sailors; every one can make a mistake, every man may be taken by surprise, but we want the confidence of captains in order to give them assistance. I feel therefore greatly satisfied at the conclusion of the Astronomer Royal, as it will stop further inquiries on the question.

You may have noticed, Mr. Editor, that from the beginning we have strictly limited ourselves to the scientific description of that storm; we shall not depart from that behaviour, but there are three points in the first paragraph of Sir W. H. M. Christie's letter, in which Sicawei is concerned, and it seems impossible to let them pass without a short explanation.

1st.—The Astronomer Royal writes: "The typhoon of which warning was given by the Director of Sicawei Observatory on September 15, 1926, was apparently not the one which struck Hongkong on the 18th. Although the assertion is not absolute, I believe I must state once more that these typhoons are one and the same storm. A splitting of the cyclone in two may have taken place near the South end of Formosa, as we all know it often happens; but the narrow whirl of the 18th existed certainly in the perturbation signalled on the 15th S.E. of the great island and of the Group Meico Sima. This fact, already stated in the excellent pamphlet of the Director of the Philippine Weather Bureau will receive elsewhere due consideration. For the present be it enough to recall in mind the following facts:

A signal announces a typhoon on the 15th at 11.30 a.m. and again at 5 p.m., on the Pacific, somewhere to the S.E. of Ishigakijima. A centre, in every case reported as violent, narrow, with identical characteristics, passes on the same day at 2.30 p.m. at a short distance north of the island Sto. Domingo de Basco (Long. 121° 59', Lat. 20° 28'), the same day at 5 p.m. at a longer distance, north of Aparri (Long. 121° 34', Lat. 18° 22'), on the 16th about 1 a.m. it joins the U.S.N. transport *Caspar* 82 miles W. of the Batan islands (Long. 120° 28', Lat. 20° 30'), the same day at 4 p.m. it is found at a distance estimated 24 miles N.N.E. of the s.s. *Zafiro*, viz., approximately by Long. 118°, Lat. 22°; during the night of the 17th the French mail steamer *Océanien* meets with the storm, which passes at a distance in the South (south of Breaker SL), viz., about Long. 116° 30', Lat. 22° 12' between 0 and 1 a.m. of the 18th; on the 18th, 3.45 a.m., the British steamer *Kwetchow*, E.S.E. of Pedro Blanco (Long. 115° 30', Lat. 22° 10'), reports having experienced a furious typhoon; as did the *Océanien*, as did the *Caspar*. At Hongkong the minimum took place at 12 a.m. of the very same day.

Now let us mark on a chart the different positions of this very violent storm during these three days; every man having any experience of things in the Far East will be driven to the following alternative: either the Hongkong typhoon was the one signalled by Sicawei on the 15th, which passed, and was well observed successively over seven stations with a speed quite normal at this latitude, or we are invited to give birth and death in turn to seven successive violent typhoons within three days, on the same line and track; for the reasons to disconnect the Hongkong typhoon from the centre signalled on the 15th would apply to the *Kwetchow* typhoon, at the doors of the Colony, to the *Océanien* typhoon, the *Zafiro* typhoon, the *Caspar* typhoon, etc., which conclusion it was hard to admit.

And—"Had it (typhoon) proved identical, the Sicawei forecast gave no indication that Hongkong was threatened."

It seems quite clear that the eminent astronomer has not received information of all the warnings cabled from here; from these and these only deductions can be arrived at and not from opinions expressed in the papers. On September 15, 11.30 a.m., a first signal was sent to the effect that "a typhoon was S.E. of the Meico Sima group, direction unknown;" this did not threaten any particular spot. But at 5.30 p.m. new information was cabled to all the semaphores that the typhoon previously reported was "travelling W.N.W."

There is no question here of our subjective opinion then, nor of what we could think at Shanghai or print in the papers; in fact, we did not know for sure at the time that Hongkong was more in danger than Swatow or Amoy. But we are of opinion that objectively a prudent officer having the responsibility of a ship at the receipt of this signal, taking his chart and marking the centre on a line to the S.E. of Ishigakijima at a distance still unknown, but perhaps great, and from there drawing a track towards the W.N.W., would have thought the information interesting for himself, and even important for the harbour of Hongkong, without concluding as yet that the centre would strike the anchorage. The proof is that a Captain arriving at Hongkong shortly after the disaster, and having seen our signal before leaving Newchwang, affirmed that he had come to the conclusion

that the southern ports were menaced; Hongkong not excluded. We consequently cannot admit completely the decision of the Astronomer Royal, that the Sicawei forecast "gave no indication that Hongkong was threatened."

3rd.—"The contention that the warning was given and ignored falls to the ground."

We believe that some people could misunderstand these concluding words and think that in fact this peculiar warning had been sent to Hongkong and actually refused or ignored there. Probably the situation is not plainly known in London. We are glad totally to exonerate here the Hongkong Observatory of the implicit accusation that could result, thence in some minds; we never thought of sending this warning to Hongkong. The 'Telegraph' Companies are already overburdened with meteorological telegrams, which they kindly transmit free of charge, and we do not venture to put upon their cables useless messages. It is well known that Hongkong refuses to receive any warning; and that they even obtained from the American Government an official prohibition to the Director of the Philippine Weather Bureau of sending any typhoon warnings to the coast of China (an order soon cancelled owing to the universal protest of public opinion). We totally refrain from discussing that question now; we have only to say that on that date of the 18th (or 15th) no warning was ignored, because none was sent; and none was sent because we knew that it would not have been received.

Excuse me for having trespassed so much upon your valuable columns. I thought the explanation was necessary for the navigators, the welfare of whom is one of the chief aims of this institution, of which I have care.

CANTON DAY BY DAY.

ANTI-OPUM CAMPAIGN.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Canton, 3rd August.

The Police Authorities have submitted a suggestion to the Acting Viceroy for the purpose of levying a tax on all opium implement sellers and of issuing licences to them after the closing of the opium divans by the end of this month. The Acting Viceroy stated that it is impossible to have all the shops of dealers in opium apparatus closed by the same time as the closing of the different opium divans, steps should be taken to reduce the number of such establishments, and licences, that are to be issued to them, are to be renewed quarterly. Dealers in opium smoking wares in the public streets should be stopped from plying their trade upon the closing of the opium divans. The Acting Viceroy has also authorised the Shan Hou Chu and the police officials to jointly discuss the matter and to deal with them.

ALLEGED ANTI-MONARCHISTS.

After the murder of the Anhui Governor, the Central Government has given instructions to the viceroys and governors in the different provinces to keep a sharp lookout for the anti-monarchists. Yesterday three strangers, who speak the Anhui dialect, were found wandering inside the city, which aroused the suspicion of the local officials and these men were therefore arrested. They are alleged to be comrades of the assassin of the Anhui governor, and are said to have fled to Canton to take refuge.

CANTON BUND.

The Canton Bund Department has issued a notification calling for tenders to continue the work of construction in the Northern section of the new bund about 500 cheung in length, which has been left uncompleted since the sealing up of the properties of the former contractors, Chan Kuo Tai & Co.

SHUM'S DEPARTURE POSTPONED.

H.E. Viceroy Shum has again memorialized the Throne requesting to be permitted to resign the viceregency of the Liang Kwang provinces. H.E. has again been refused but granted another 15 days' extension of leave, and ordered to proceed to Canton for his new post immediately on expiry of it without further delay.

RAILWAY CO'S MEETING.

Yesterday a meeting was held at the Canton-Hankow Railway Company's office and there were present about 300 shareholders. The Acting Provincial Judge, Kung, was also present together with some officers from the police departments. Judge Kung took the chair. There was a prolonged and heated discussion among the shareholders present, and Judge Kung had to give strict orders to retire order. The following resolutions were passed at the meeting:—

"The newly elected president and vice-president are requested to appoint an early date to take over charge of office, and that date should be notified the public through the press. The question of the postponement of the date fixed for the election of a committee, auditors, inspector, etc., should be referred to the Ministry of Communications and Posts at Peking, where order the Company now awaits."

ANTI-OPUM CAMPAIGN.

The Canton Central Anti-opium Association is in need of funds to carry on its work and the work of the hospital for the admission of opium-smoking patients. The promoters of the association have now petitioned the local authorities to contribute 300,000 towards the funds of the association from the Government Treasury in order to enable them to carry on one hospital in the Eastern suburb and to establish another in Honan for the treatment of opium smoking patients at that quarter.

CHEAP RICE.

The Rice Disposal Bureau has asked the authorities for the use of a Government gunboat to be sent to Hongkong to carry rice to Canton and the authorities have placed the gunboat *Kwang-yun* at the disposal of the bureau.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

The 4th inst., being the birthday of H.I.C.M. the Emperor of China and the day being also a Sunday, there will be no issue of the *Telegraph* on the 5th inst.

THE SHANGHAI DOCK & ENGINEERING CO., LD.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The first annual general meeting of above Company was held at Shanghai on 30th ult. There were present: Messrs J. Prentice (Chairman), A. M. Marshall, J. Johnston, D. Landale (Directors); J. H. Teesdale (Legal Adviser); J. H. Osborne (Secretary); J. Grant Mackenzie (Manager); P. Crighton, A. K. Craddock, N. E. Cornish, Chun Nanching, Capt. T. Dasset, L. Amidani, F. C. Frischling, M. Hoefer, W. S. Jackson, I. R. Michael, H. A. J. Macray, W. N. McDonnell, G. Nielsen, H. Robertson, H. H. Read, J. D. Straug, M. Spielmann, F. E. Taylor, W. Thompson, R. Wortmann, W. F. Wingrove, and J. M. Young (shareholders) representing 6,979 shares.

The Secretary read the notice convening the meeting.

The Chairman.—Gentlemen,—The report and accounts having been in your hands for some days, with your approval, we will take them as read. We regret that the year's working shows such a poor result. This has arisen from several causes, the principal one being the dulness of the shipping, therefore the docking and repairing work fell off considerably, and also that during the year we have had no extensive repairs on ships in dock. As in all businesses such as ours the amount of work, and therefore of the profit, vary, and bad years must be met as well as good ones (unfortunately we have had more bad than good during the last few years), but we hope that these bad years may be followed by better ones and by increased prosperity to the company. We have made arrangements to effect a considerable saving in the working of the company. We have not succeeded in disposing of the Old Dock property and the property belonging to the International and Cosmopolitan Docks, as per the resolution passed by you on November 1st last and confirmed on the 27th of the same month. We still have in view the disposal of these properties to the best advantage of the Company, and should we at any time receive what we consider favourable offers, we will bring them before you. During the year, as you have seen, by the report, there have been many changes in the directorate. There are still two vacancies on the board, caused by the retirement of Messrs. von Rücker and Groundwater, and we will propose later on that Mr. Macray and Mr. Freeman-McBain (both of whom are connected with firms who are contributors of business)—be elected. Now as regards the management of business:—for some years many of the shareholders have been of the opinion that it would be entirely better for the company that a manager should be appointed who would be entirely under the control of the directors. I, therefore, resigned my position as managing director, but will remain as a director and chairman of the company and can assure you that I will do my best to further the interests of the company in every way. We have appointed Mr. J. Grant Mackenzie as manager, and from my long experience with him, I can assure you a better choice could not have been made. Auditors.—The accounts have been audited by Messrs. Bingham and Matthews, who retire, but offer themselves for re-election. As regards the statements of accounts as presented this year and compared with those published by the old company, it will be seen that several alterations have been made with a view to furnishing the shareholders with as many details as possible. Thus, land, docks, buildings, machinery, tools, floating plant, furniture, etc., have been shown under separate headings, instead of as formerly, when under each dock, land, dock buildings, etc., they were shown in one or two amounts. The only two items in the accounts to which I will refer are: 1st. The increase of Tls. 130,000 in the value of machinery and plant at all establishments. This represents the value of the pumping machinery and plant formerly included under property accounts at the various docks. 2nd. Reserve Fund.—The reserve fund of Tls. 4,000,000 is employed in the business of the company and is well covered by the value of steamers, lighters, engines and boilers, local investment, mortgage, machinery, stock of materials and is a good asset. In last night's *Mercury* there was a reference to Tls. 3,977,981 carried forward to next account last year. This was used to meet a claim unknown at the time the accounts were made out by the advice of the auditors. Before moving the adoption of the report and accounts I shall be pleased to answer any questions referring to them or the business of the company.

There being no questions the following resolutions were carried without comment:—

"I proposed by the Chairman, seconded by Mr. A. M. Marshall: that the report and accounts of the company made up to April 30 last as printed and circulated, be adopted and approved, and the directors be authorized to pay a dividend at the rate of Tls. 3 per share to the shareholders on the register at date."

Proposed by the Chairman, seconded by Mr. J. Johnston: that Mr. H. J. A. Macray and Mr. R. S. F. McBain be elected directors of the company.

Proposed by Mr. W. S. Jackson, seconded by Mr. F. E. Taylor: that Messrs. J. E. Bingham and F. N. Matthews be elected auditors for the current year.

The Chairman.—That concludes the business of the meeting.

Mr. F. E. Taylor.—Gentlemen,—Before we separate this evening, I wish to propose a vote of thanks to Mr. Marshall. Few shareholders know of the hard work, some of it very disagreeable work, that he has done in our interests; but while circumstances have till now prevented the results of his work from making themselves manifest, we shall see the beginning of a new era from to-morrow. His pluck and determination have won the fight that commenced two years ago, and the Dock Company is now on a sound and satisfactory footing for the first time, since the amalgamation, and I feel sure that as long as we have him on the board, and if the shareholders will loyally support him, our interests will be well looked after.

The Chairman.—The Chairman's speech is signed by "A Shareholder" and reads:—

May I trespass on your valuable space to draw the attention of my fellow suffering shareholders to a few apparent discrepancies which I observe in the statement of account of the above Company, for the year ending April 30th, 1937.

Query No. 1.—In the account rendered April 1937, there appears a balance carried forward of Tals 3,977,981, which is not included in the present account. Is it possible to ascertain what has been done with this balance?

Query No. 2.—On the debit side of Profit and Loss account I observe Tals 27,000,000 for "Loss on sale of buildings, etc." Is there any reason why we should not know what part of our property has been sold, and how this loss has been incurred? There is nothing on the credit side of the account to show that any sale has been effected, and we have always been assured by the Directors that our property was worth more than the valuation stated in the account, but of course it would be subject to market fluctuations! At this rate what will probably be the loss on the remainder of our property which now stands in the books at Tals 3,460,191.87?

Machinery and Tools augment in value year by year, like precious stones. A trifle of Tals 130,000 has been charged to this account during the past year, bringing the total book value to Tals 1,234,581.90. It would be interesting to know if the actual market value of this lot is more or less than Tals 100,000!

No allowance has been made for depreciation, as per usual and the year's working shows a net profit of Tls. 176,059.95, equal to about 3% on the paid up capital. What next?

THE N. C. D. News understands that H.E. Tuan Fang has written to Peking to ask permission to resign the Liang Kwang Viceregency in favour of H.E. Tien Ch'ün-huen. This is probably because the latter has been found to be intriguing for H.E. Tuan Fang's post again since his return from the North; it being well known that Tien is eager to try his hand at this Viceregency, as he dislikes the idea of going back to Canton, where he is far from popular.

THE acting Viceroy of Kwangtung has wired to the Wai Wu-pu with respect to the attack by pirates on the British steamer *Kao Chong*. He says the pirates, who were engaged in the robbery in question, were armed with firearms, which were sold to them by foreign merchants, and that since the British Minister holds the Chinese officials responsible for the safety of British merchants, he should at least take measures to stop or check the sale of firearms by his nationals to irresponsible natives. The Wai Wu-pu replies that the above statement is too indefinite and the Kwangtung officials are still expected to capture the pirates. —Sin Wan-pao.

ABOUT 11.30 on Sunday morning last, says the *P. & T. Times*, the China Navigation Co.'s s.s. *Shuntien* and China Merchants' s.s. *Anging* came into collision just inside the new channel at Tai'at Bar, both getting their bows damaged. The *Shuntien* had several of her plates broken on the starboard bow and her railings bent. The *Anging* received a hole just below the anchor at the bow, but both steamers were able to continue their way. An inquiry will take place as to the cause of the accident, pilots being in charge at the time. Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, having a private dockyard at Tongku, the damage sustained by the *Shuntien* was repaired by their own workmen.

THE *Far Eastern Review* for July moves the war for subjects of commercial interest to readers in the Orient and presents a mass of material in the form of facts and illustrated articles which should satisfy anyone eager to learn the conditions prevailing in a variety of industries in this and other parts of the world. The construction and operation of railways might almost seem to be the leading feature of the number, for the opening article deals with Australian railways, while there are articles of the Federated Malay States railways, British North Borneo railways, and Chinese railways. Among the illustrated articles which will attract attention here is one describing the Chinese Engineering and Mining Company's works at Tongshan; the article is reproduced on page 3 of this issue.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

MAIN DUE.

English (*Marmora*) 7th inst., 4 p.m.
German (*Prins Eitel Friedrich*) 12th inst., p.m.
Canadian (*Tartar*) 23rd inst.

The N. Y. K. s.s. *Wakamiya Maru*, Bombay Line, left Moji for this port on 2nd inst., and is expected here on 8th inst.

The N. Y. K. s.s. *Iyo Maru*, European Line, left Singapore for this port on 2nd inst., and is expected here on 8th inst.

The Apca Co.'s s.s. *Japan* from Calcutta left Singapore yesterday afternoon, and may be expected here on or about 9th inst.

The Silk ex R.M.S. *Empress of China* arrived in New York on 2nd inst., thus making a transit of 29 days from Hongkong.

The T. K. K. s.s. *America Maru* will sail from Yokohama on 6th inst., and is therefore due to arrive at this port, via Manila on 17th inst.

The Imperial German Mail s.s. *Zillen* left Kobe via Nagasaki and Shanghai on 4th inst., p.m., and may be expected here on or about 13th inst., p.m.

The C. P. R. Co.'s s.s. *Empress of India* arrived at Shanghai at 5 p.m. on 3rd inst., and left again at 2 a.m., Sunday, for Nagasaki, where she is due to arrive at 6 a.m. on 5th inst.

Telegrams.

[Reuter's.]

The Hague Conference.

London, 2nd August.

In a debate on the Foreign Office vote, Sir Edward Grey, referring to the Hague, said that the Government was reluctant to make a disarmament proposal which would turn a friendly into a divided Conference; but even if no definite results had been reached they had at least prevented the subject from dropping.

Morocco.

The French cruiser *Galilee* has left Tangier for Casablanca, where the townspeople, headed by the tribesmen, have perpetrated many murders.

Later.

It is understood that France has proposed to Spain to land a Franco-Spanish force at Casablanca in accordance with the policing powers under the Treaty of Algeiras.

3rd August.

The French battleships, *Suffren*, *Charlemagne* and *Republique*, also the cruisers *Jules Ferry*, *Victor Hugo* and *Delaunay* are preparing at Toulon to sail with the three transport ordered to convey 2,500 troops to Morocco.

The British cruiser *Antrim* at Gibraltar has received orders to be in readiness for peremptory service.

Later.

The Evicted Tenants Bill.

The Evicted Tenants Bill has passed its third reading in the House of Commons, by 238 to 49.

GERMANY AND KIAO-CHAU.

SUPREMACY OF THE CHINA COAST.

It is in a high degree improbable that Germany is contemplating, as reported, the retrocession to China of her protectorate of Kiao-Chau. As it stands to-day this territory presents to the Fatherland a vast expenditure both of an official and unofficial character. Under the former heading are some six or seven millions sterling which has been disbursed in connection with the important naval programme which the Imperial Administration is carrying out while under the unofficial head may be grouped a variety of industrial schemes, each in its own way of first-class importance. Capitalised, the industrial development of which the Kiao-Chau territory has been the centre since its acquisition by Germany, would return very possibly an expenditure of another five or six millions, so that upon a monetary basis alone China would have to find at least twelve millions sterling before Germany would think of withdrawing from Northern China.

However desirable it may be for the German Imperial Government to cultivate cordial relations with the Chinese Government it is certain that it will not be made at the price of the Kiao-Chau territory, such is the opinion expressed by Mr. Angus Hamilton in *Pail Mall Gazette*. Indeed, the place, in a narrow sense, is the pivot of Germany's Far Eastern policy; and although its surrender would not mean a less active policy, its possession is such an important factor in the German position of the China coast that its restoration is out of the question. While the bay of Kiao-Chau has afforded convenient facilities for the creation of a naval station, the Chinese province of Shan-tung has provided Germany with opportunities for attacking

THE COMMERCIAL SUPREMACY so long held by Great Britain in Mid-China. Taking the latter first, it is well to bear in mind that between Kiao-Chau and Tsing-tao an important line of railway has been built, extending some three hundred miles at present and passing through the provincial capital Tsinan-fu, while, by a second, but shorter, line the coalfields in the region of Poshan and Wei-shien have been placed in direct communication with the sea at Tsing-tao. The export of coal now aggregates some twenty thousand tons, and as this development has taken place solely with the assistance of German capital, and has been repeated in a number of similar instances throughout Shantung, it is evident that the commercial stake which Berlin capitalists hold in the region is but a little less important than that which belongs to the Imperial Administration itself. It is evident, therefore, that industrially Germany cannot afford to sacrifice her many interests in Shantung, and if manufacturing interests alone were insufficient, there are the important questions which hinge upon the future development of Germany's Chinese railway policy, as suggested by the operations of the Shantung Railway. By the time when the Peking-Hankow-Canton Railway becomes an accomplished fact, the Shantung Railway will have established an important branch of communication with the grand trunk road of China. It will then be, however, not only through the possession of a branch line that Germany will be interested in the development of Mid-China, for, if the upshot of existing intrigues is crowned with success, there is little doubt that she will secure the reversion of the Tientsin-Chinkiang line.

Apart altogether from railway schemes and the various plans for commercial expansion, possession of Tsing-tao plays an important part in the German "Welt-politik." Tsing-tao is merely the northern extremity of

A SPHERE OF INFLUENCE not yet quite defined, but which will be found to extend as far south as Swatow, adjacent to which it is possible that another naval base may be established. With Swatow in the south and Tsing-tao in the north, the rapidly with which Germany is building up an important position in Hankow makes the place the probable western limit of the sphere.

Such a policy, even the successful execution of such a programme, is by no means incredible. It is only possible to those who would believe Germany capable of restoring Kiao-Chau, when to do so would be to deprive herself of the essential and dominating point of vantage which in the future, she may jump off for fresh schemes of aggression. Hankow to-day is as much a German sphere as it is Russian, and German interests compete very successfully with the British. Similarly Swatow reveals the marked German supremacy in a treaty port which once, and not so very long ago too, did not readily recognise the German flag. Again, if one moves from Swatow and beyond Hankow to the Yangtze Valley, the effort which Germany is putting forward to make her influence predominant in a region hitherto relegated to Great Britain, is no less apparent, and no less a link with the position upon which the Imperial Government already has spent so many millions sterling. It is thus, and from what ever quarter one reviews the German position in China it is the same, that the intimate dependence upon Tsing-tao of the German policy in China is disclosed. Politically, commercially, materially, the future existence of Germany in the Far East, as a world force, has its axes in the Kiao-Chau protectorate.

It is, nevertheless, only ten years ago, on November 11, 1897, that GERMANY STARTLED THE WORLD with the announcement of her occupation of Kiao-Chau. By the movement Germany had forestalled Russian designs upon the same point, designs which had been revealed to the world by the premature disclosure of the terms of the Cassini Convention some fifteen months previously. At the same time, Germany had permitted this interval to pass before taking action; but, so soon as the seizure was effected, she set to work to convert her possession into an impregnable position. Expense has not been spared in accomplishing this work; and, by the time that it is completed, no less than fifteen millions sterling will have been expended upon Tsing-tao alone. From the first it has been the intention of the Imperial Government to convert Kiao-Chau into

A FIRST-CLASS NAVAL STATION. To this end a programme was mapped out, which embraced the creation of twelve strong forts, the provision of naval and commercial harbours, the construction of granite docks and floating docks, besides some miles of quays. At present the inner (naval) harbour, a steel floating dock, and five of the twelve forts are finished, while barrack accommodation for five thousand men has been constructed. Thus, even as it stands to-day in its present incomplete state, Kiao-Chau has become a singularly strong possession, and its value to the German squadron on the China coast and in the Pacific generally has long been established.

If the last ten years has seen the conversion of Kiao-Chau Bay to a naval base, industrial circles in the Far East throughout this same period have been treated to an interesting revelation of Germany's economic aim. Side by side with the projection of a first-class German naval base in Far Eastern waters there has been the gradual evolution of

A COMMERCIAL CENTRE which, although at the present time far from perfect, it is hoped one day may rival Hongkong or usurp the supremacy of the China coast from Shanghai. To this end in Tsing-tao, a town of fine proportions has been laid out on broad streets, fine shops, comfortable hotels, good drainage, and first-class water are all prepared against the day when the port will become the industrial centre of the north. Essentially Teutonic in character, there is nothing wanting from the scheme. Nevertheless, for reasons which it is unnecessary to discuss here, as a commercial success Tsing-tao has held fire, and very little return has been made for the many millions which have been lavished upon it. In point of fact, the place is wholly dependent upon the subsidy, which grows annually larger, and this year is a little in excess of half a million sterling. Yet the fact that the Imperial Government has created with a special object in view a model town on the shores of Kiao-Chau Bay, and converted to a naval base the former areas of the harbour, may be regarded as confirming the permanent character of the German occupation. Moreover, since the practical significance of the German position in the Far East depends upon the work being pushed to a successful conclusion, there is still less ground to believe the report which, if true indeed, would play into the hands of Japan, and prove to the Chinese Government the inherent weakness of Germany's position. At the same time, too, it may be added that by the terms of the treaty by which Kiao-Chau was ceded to Germany, the latter Power has the right to select another site in exchange, but at the moment there is none which is so convenient, nor any upon which it would be really worth while now to repeat the expenditure that Germany has made in respect of Kiao-Chau.

THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Figg, Director of the Hongkong Observatory:—

On the 4th at 11.55 a.m.—Except a moderate fall over the N.E. coast of China, barometric changes are unimportant.

Pressure is highest over S. Philippines, and lowest over N. China in the North and over Tongking in the South.

Moderate S. monsoon will prevail in the Formosa Channel, and the N. part of the China Sea.

The Japanese returns are lacking this morning.

Hongkong rain-fall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.34 inches.

FORECAST.

1.—Hongkong and neighbourhood, S.E. winds, moderate; showerly to fair.
2.—Formosa Channel, S. winds, moderate.
3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Loochoo, same as No. 1.
4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Taiwan, same as No. 1.

A MODERN INSTANCE OF CHINESE JUSTICE.

AN ACCOUNT OF THE ARREST AND TRIAL OF A WELL-KNOWN CHINESE EDUCATOR.

Our readers will be glad to learn that Mr. Chung Jung Kwang, the highly respected and widely known headmaster of the Chinese department of the Canton Christian College, who has been under detention in Tientsin as a political suspect was finally released from custody on Friday, 19th July, and has arrived safely in this Colony. Mr. Chung was arrested in Pao-tung-fu on the 17th of June last, and for five weeks from that time was held for examination by the provincial courts at Tientsin. He was travelling at the time of his arrest in company with Dr. Wisner, the President of the College. At the request of the College staff they were making a tour of investigation of the schools of North China, after having spent a considerable time in Japan looking into the educational work of the Japanese, with a view to learning what needs to be done and what is being done to meet the educational demands of the time. It appears that such a procedure was entirely unheard of in that quarter of the world. A Chinese scholar, wearing European dress and speaking English, having just returned from Japan by way of Korea and the three-provinces of Manchuria, and with a definite literary in North China, travelling in company with a foreigner and stopping at all the important centres of population, and spending days in each prying into all sorts of places where students were to be found and willing on occasion to address gatherings of Christians and students, such a man must be up to mischief. The imagination of the secret service staff was set a-gog; a theory was propounded detailing a carefully arranged programme, a sort of revolutionary campaign, in which the innocent pedagogue figured as a crafty plotter of sedition and masterful thrower of bombs. He was supposed to be visiting the various secret camps of the disaffected, supplying them with signals for a concerted outbreak which was to be sprung, like setting off a series of electric mines, by this authorized agent and trusted officer of Sun Yat-sen as soon as he should reach Hankow, whither he was travelling by rail. Was he not a citizen of the same district (Heung Shan) with that arch-rebel? And for three years, about the time of the China-Japanese war, Mr. Chung was supposed to have been travelling as an agent of the revolutionists.

Mr. Chung was able to show that for two of the three years during which he was supposed to have been a travelling agent of the revolutionary party, he was associated with a gentleman, now holding an important official position in North China, in teaching a school in the South, while the third year was the very year in which he was in Peking and had his Chiuee degree confirmed and tried for the Tsun Sz degree. Thus was this one charge effectually disposed of.

The method of conducting the examination was a strange mingling of the old with the new, and presents some interesting features. Mr. Chung was treated with the

greatest consideration, not to say deference, as though he were a person of distinction. He was conveyed from Pao-tung-fu to Tientsin in a special car, with attendants who solicitously ministered to his comfort, and, although he was attended by a heavy military guard, his movements were not interfered with. In fact a Chinese friend, standing on the platform at the railway station in Tientsin at the time of his arrival, spoke with him for a minute or two through the car window and did not know that anything unusual was occurring until he was afterwards informed. During his imprisonment (or rather detention, for he was not put in prison) he was not put in irons, and, although his disavowal of complicity in the schemes of the revolutionists was most persistent, torture was not actually resorted to as a stimulus to memory and ready expression. True the examining judge did repeatedly threaten that, if the prisoner did not display a more tractable spirit, and confess what the Government wanted to know, he, the judge, would be obliged to resort to his connection with the case, and have it transferred to the prison, where the usual methods of persuasion would prevail and where the prisoner would have cause, too late, to remember with how great consideration he had been treated by the present administrator of justice.

Mr. Chung was detained in the building set apart for the residence of visiting officials while staying in Tientsin. One section of the building was occupied by the officiating judge. Another portion was shared with Mr. Chung by a gentleman of the same literary degree, whose ostensible business was to act as host to the distinguished guest, and to prevent time from hanging heavily on his hands in the intervals between his formal examinations, but whose real business was to continue the examination in private, to try if some method yet untried might not bring out some further disclosures. Thus for three weeks every waking hour was filled with this process of examining, testing, coaxing, threatening, insinuating, encouraging, entrapping, using every device that Chinese ingenuity could devise to get the man to incriminate himself and betray his supposed fellow-conspirators. This assumption of guilt was maintained throughout. Every failure to break down the composure of the prisoner and the consistency of his story was only looked upon as evidence of the deceiver's consummate skill, and the necessity of employing more effective measures to secure the desired admissions. The question always came back to this, "When did you become a member of the revolutionary society, and how many accomplices did you bring with you?" The prisoner's denial was met in a variety of ways. At one time the judge would say, "How can I answer the Viceroy when you so persistently refuse to

confess anything?" Again the prisoner's vanity was appealed to. He was urged to confess, and told that although he would lose his life yet he would pass as a hero. Finally, he was told that if he would help the Government to catch the revolutionary leaders he need not incriminate himself. This way he would save his life and be rewarded by the Government. This prolonged tournament of intellectual assault, feint, pany, and defence, with several antagonists pitted against one, must have worn out the powers of resistance of a man striving to conceal something criminal. He would have been almost certain to be caught sometime with his guard down. But with an innocent man it was different. It was only necessary for him to keep a clear head, tell a straight story, and stick to it, in order to succeed, especially if he could refer to places, events, and individuals outside his place of confinement which his examiners could themselves refer to in confirmation of his story. This they did by telegraph. This was the process that little by little brought conviction to Mr. Chung's examiners that he was really not guilty of the charges on which he had been arrested. But it had taken more than three weeks to reach this result. The judge evidently at this time finally reported on the case, for the examinations were discontinued, and Mr. Chung was assured that he would be liberated. Ten more days were consumed in securing three satisfactory guarantors. These were finally obtained largely through the agency of certain influential gentry in Canton, who telegraphed to the officials in Tientsin their confidence in Mr. Chung and their willingness to go security for him in Canton. The necessary preliminaries having been satisfactorily arranged, Mr. Chung was released, his appearance among them bringing the first definite information about him, beyond the fact that he was being well treated and the case was being carefully looked into, that his friends had been able to obtain during the five weeks of his detention. He and Dr. Wisner, on account of the disturbed state of the country, departed from their original plan to return via Hankow and the Yangtze Valley, and came back by the most direct sea route, arriving in this Colony by the French Mail steamer *Tonkin*, this morning.

KULINGSU (IMOY) MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Minutes of a meeting of the Council, held at the Board Room, on the 16th July, 1907.

Present:—Messrs. W. H. Wallace (chairman), C. A. V. Bowra, A. F. Gardiner, Huang Tsan-chew, W. Kruse, W. Wilson, the Health Officer and the Secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting are read and confirmed.

The Superintendent of Police reports the following cases have been dealt with at the Mixed Court since last meeting. Summonses: Theft 1, Assault 6, Breach of contract 1, Breach of Municipal regulations 2, Contempt of Court 1, Debt 1, Allowing pigs to stray 1. Summary Arrests: Theft 2, Assault 2, Gambling 2, Being abroad without a light after 12 midnight 2, Committing a nuisance 1, Washing clothes at a public well 2, Attempting to commit suicide 1, On suspicion with aiding and abetting to commit a felony 3, Breach of Municipal regulations 1.

(Signed) W. H. WALLACE, Chairman.

By order, B. KERKELEY MITCHELL, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL.

TO-DAY'S EXCHANGE.

Selling.

London—Bank T.T. 2/3
6 months' sight L/C 2/3 1/4
Do. 4 months' sight 2/3 1/4
France—Bank T.T. 2/3 1/4
America—Bank T.T. 2/3 1/4
Germany—Bank T.T. 2/3 1/4
India T.T. 2/3 1/4
Do. demand 2/3 1/4
Shanghai—Bank T.T. 2/3 1/4
Singapore T.T. 2/3 1/4
Japan—Bank T.T. 2/3 1/4
Java—Bank T.T. 2/3 1/4

Buying.

1 months' sight L/C 2/3 9/16
6 months' sight L/C 2/3 1/4
10 days' sight San Francisco & New York 2/3 1/4
1 months' sight do. 2/3 1/4
10 days' sight Sydney and Melbourne 2/3 1/4
6 months' sight France 2/3 1/4
6 months' sight do. 2/3 1/4
4 months' sight Germany 2/3 1/4
Bar Silver 37 1/2
Bank of England rate 4 1/2
Bank of France 23 1/2
Saveration 33 1/2

A HEAVY storm was experienced at Chefoo and Chinwangtao on Friday and Saturday week last, the sea during the night running very high. Vessels in Chefoo harbour had to get close in and for three days lighterage was difficult and great delay was experienced. At Chinwangtao the waves dashed right over the breakwater and pier, and very considerable damage is reported to the big blocks of stone which form the outer wall of the breakwater, but the structure itself is not damaged, and the pier and buildings on shore did not suffer. It is presumed there must have been an exceptionally high tide, as there is no indication that the wind was very high.—P. & T. Times.

THE *London Gazette* contains a dispatch from Sir F. Lugard, our new governor, covering several other dispatches, giving a full account of the operations in Sokoto in March, 1906, undertaken to put down an insurrection which was "as much directed against the Emir of Sokoto, head of the Mussulmans, as against the British, at the outset of which Lieutenant Blackwood, Mr. Preston Hillay, Acting Resident, and Mr. A. G. M. Cott, his assistant, were killed." Sir F. Lugard refers in terms of the highest praise to the manner in which the suppression of the revolt was effected, and especially to the humanity with which the operations were conducted.

To-day's Advertisements.

S.S. "POLYNESIEN."

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from London ex *S.S. Dordogne*, and from Havre ex *S.S. Medoc*, in connection with above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon TO-DAY, requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after MONDAY, the 12th August, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 12th August, or they will not be recognised. All damaged packages will be examined on MONDAY, the 12th August, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1907. (To

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM MIDDLESBRO, ANTWERP,

HULL, LONDON AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"GLEN TURRET"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out, marked by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared by the 12th instant will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns, and a certificate of the damage obtained from the Godown Company within ten days after the steamer's arrival.

No claims will be recognized if not presented within 14 days of the ship's arrival.

MCGREGOR BROS. & GOW.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1907. (To

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING AND MINING CO. LTD.

RECENT ELECTRIC INSTALLATION.

The new electrical plant installed by the Chinese Engineering and Mining Co. in its Tongshan mines was formally opened last month in the presence of a large number of guests of the company. The new plant is one of the most complete and modern in the Far East and the management is better equipped than ever to operate its growing business.

The installation includes boilers and their accessories, steam alternators, motor and steam exciters, transformers, switchboard, a 5-ton crane, all the necessary steam piping, a cooling tower, and incandescent lamps for surface lighting, underground pumps with their accessories, all constructed for and erected by the Allgemeine Co. and Siemens Schuckert Works, both of Berlin.

The boiler house is 190 ft. long and 71 ft. wide and contains 12 Cornwall Galloway type boilers by The Granges Chaudronneries de l'Escalot. The boilers are 8 ft. in diameter and 36 ft. long and have a capacity of 3700 to 4400 lbs. of dry steam per hour at a pressure of 140 lbs. Each boiler has its superheater with surface of 430 sq. ft. and an injector with a capacity of 880 gallons per hour. Two Becker feed pumps of 4400 gallons per hour are placed at the north end of the building. Two Green's economizers with electrically driven scraper gear, are placed near the chimney, each economizer being able to heat the necessary feed water for running one set with accessories under full load to a temperature of 80° C.

The power station measures 125.5 ft. There are three Vanden Kerchove S. S. W. type steam alternators having a capacity of 1,300 K.V.A. three-phase at 2,200 volts, 107 rev., and 2 cycles per set. Each set has its own jet type condenser and air pumps, but can run exhaustively to air with reduced load. The Victor generation sets and one steam exciter set are provided for excitation and lighting purposes. The A. E. G. Alto steam exciter set has a capacity of 40 B. P. while the A. E. G. type motor generators have a capacity of 85 K.W. each, at 220 volts and 745 revs.

Two 20 K.V.A. oil cooled transformers are provided for reducing the tension from 2,200 to 220 volts for the economizer motors, etc.

The switchboard is well worth inspection; its special feature is the manner in which the high and low tension current is separated.

The 32 panels are arranged in two levels; the top half being served from a platform, a special panel is provided for synchronising.

A 40-ton "Titan" travelling crane runs the whole length of the Power Station.

The live steam, exhaust and water-pipings are supplied by Messrs. Brener; a special feature is the flange arrangement.

At the South end of the Power House is the "Black" cooling tower for condensing water, complete, with its electrically driven centrifugal pump for 330,000 gallons per hour.

The surface of the mine is lit by 48 arcs of 800 and 1,400 cp. and 200 glow lamps of 16 cp. and 220 volts, the necessary power being got from the motor generators.

Underground there are 5 motor driven Sulzer type centrifugal pumps having an individual capacity of 1,200 gallons per minute against a head of 700 feet. The direct coupled A.E.G. type of motor is capable of giving 470 H. P. at 2,000 volts and 1485 revolutions a minute.

Three pumps are placed in the fourth level at a depth of 670 feet and two in the sixth level at 1,000 feet. There is a spare pump in each level. Each pump chamber is provided with its own switchboard, lighting and starting transformers, etc.

The pumps in the sixth level deliver water to the fourth level, and those in the fourth level deliver up to the surface. An extra electric cable and a reserve water exhaust pipe are also provided. Besides the equipment referred to sundry additional motors for fans, the operation of the sawmill, brickyard, workshops, North west shaft, etc., will shortly be installed.

It has also been announced that the Looi colliery will also be equipped with a similar installation including also boilers and two generating sets.—*Far Eastern Review*.

Intimations

THE ROBINSON PIANO CO., LD.

TALKING MACHINES AND RECORDS.

New Stock just arrived

LARGE AND VARIED

ASSORTMENT

MUSIC.

Comic Opera Scores

and Dance Music.

RECEIVED BY EVERY MAIL.

Hongkong, 29th November, 1906. (3)

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V.S.O.P. 40.00

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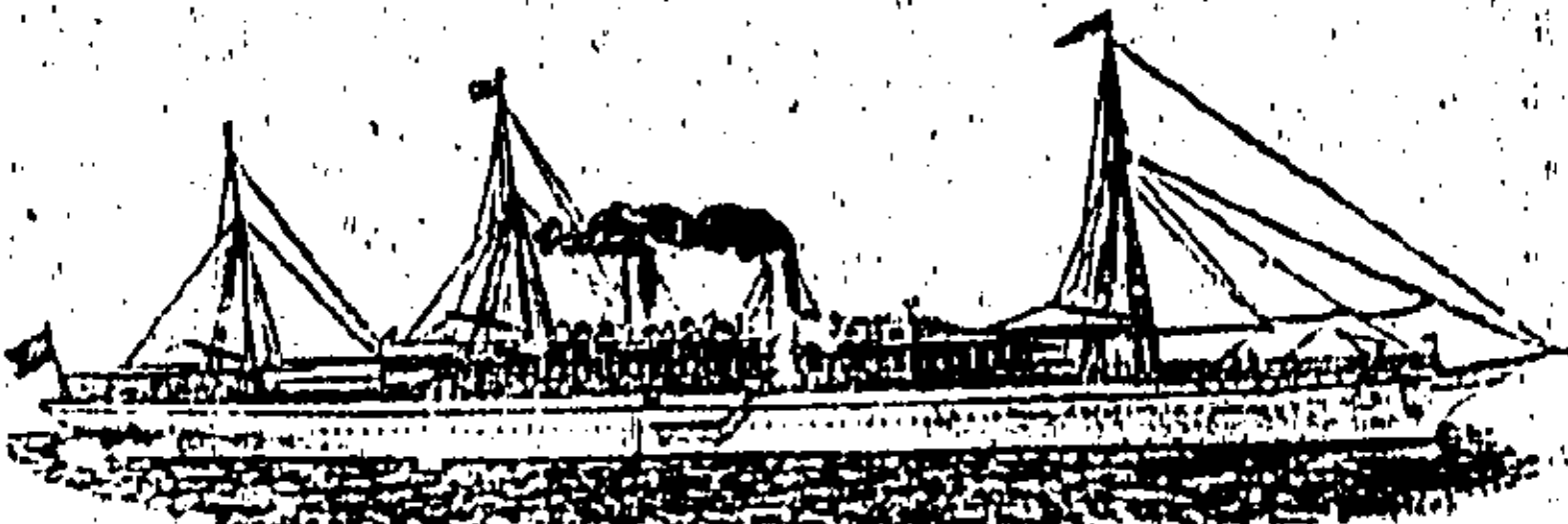
H. PRICE & Co., Ltd.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1907. (14)

Shipping—Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COY.'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

Luxury—Speed—Punctuality.

The only Line that maintains a Regular Schedule Service of under Eleven Days across the Pacific is the "Empress Line." Saving 5 to 10 Days Ocean Travel.
11 Days YOKOHAMA to VANCOUVER. 18 Days HONGKONG to VANCOUVER.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.	(Subject to Alteration.)
R.M.S. Tons	LEAVE HONGKONG ARRIVE VANCOUVER
"MONTEAGLE" 6,163	WEDNESDAY, Aug. 14th.....Sept. 7th
"EMPRESS OF JAPAN" 6,000	THURSDAY, Aug. 29th.....Sept. 16th
"TARTAR" 4,425	WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11th.....Oct. 5th
"EMPRESS OF UHINA" 6,000	THURSDAY, Sept. 26th.....Oct. 14th
"ATHENIAN" 3,882	WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9th.....Nov. 2nd
"EMPRESS OF INDIA" 6,000	THURSDAY, Oct. 24th.....Nov. 11th

Intermediate steamers at 12 Noon.

THE Quickest route to CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE, calling at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, (through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN), KOBE, YOKOHAMA, and VICTORIA, B.C., and at QUEBEC, with the Company's New Palatial "EMPRESS" Steamships, 14,500 tons register. The through transit to LIVERPOOL being 23 days, from YOKOHAMA, and 29 days from HONGKONG.

Hongkong to London, 1st Class.....via St. Lawrence £60. via New York £62.
Hongkong to London, Intermediate on Steamers, and 1st Class on Railways £40. £42.
R.M.S. "MONTEAGLE," "TARTAR" and "ATHENIAN" carry "Intermediate" Passengers only, at intermediate rates, affording superior accommodation for that class. Passengers Booked through to all points and AROUND THE WORLD. SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments.
For further information, Maps, Routes, Hand Books, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to W. CRADDOCK, General Traffic Agent for China, Corner Piddar Street and Praya. (11)

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For Steamship On
Samarang and Sourabaya.....TUESDAY, 6th Aug., Noon.
Tientsin, Swatow & Chefoo.....TUESDAY, 6th Aug., 4 P.M.
S'GAPOR, PENANG & CALCUTTA.....TUESDAY, 6th Aug., 4 P.M.
MANILA.....FRIDAY, 9th Aug., 4 P.M.

REDUCED FARES TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA.

Hongkong to Singapore 1st Class	Single.	Return.
Penang	\$ 65	\$ 130
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* These Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang and Yangtze Ports.
For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.,
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Hongkong, 5th August, 1907.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS.	TO SAIL.
CEBU & ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	6th Aug. 4 P.M.
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SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KIUKIANG"	7th " "
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	"CHIEH"	8th " daylight
TSINGTAU, CHEFOO & NEWCHANG	"KWEIYANG"	8th " 4 P.M.
SWATOW, AMOY, NINGPO & SHANGHAI	"KASHING"	8th " "
SWATOW & CHINKIANG	"IOHANG"	9th " "
SWATOW, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"SHANBI"	12th " 3 P.M.
JAVA	"SHANTUNG"	13th " 4 P.M.
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* The Attention of Passengers is directed to the Superior Accommodation offered by these steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled table. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

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BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
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Hongkong, 5th August, 1907.



HONGKONG—MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers between Hongkong and Manila.—Saloon amidships—Electric Light—Perfect Cuisine—Surgeon and Stewardess carried.—All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of Passengers.

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RUBI	2540	Almond	MANILA	SATURDAY, 10th Aug., at Noon.
ZAFIRO	2540	Fraser	"	SATURDAY, 17th Aug., at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1907.



HONGKONG—NEW YORK.

AMERICAN ASIATIC
STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NEW YORK via PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL.

(With Liberty to Call at the Malabar Coast).

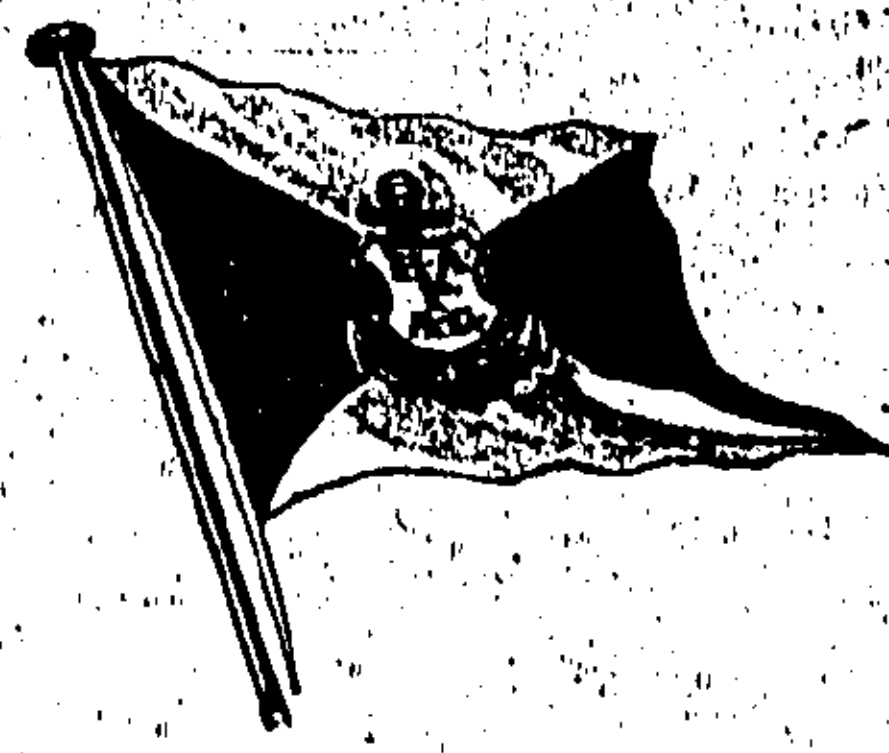
Steamship To sail
"ABERLOUR".....FRIDAY, 23rd August.
For Freight and further information, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, 5th July, 1907.

Shipping—Steamers.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.



150 Ocean Steamers

with

912,000

Br. Reg. Tons.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

RHENANIA, HABSURG, HOHENSTAUFEN, SILESIA, SCANDIA.

HIGHEST COMFORT, ONLY
LOWER BERTHS.

Laundry on board, Doctor, Stewardesses carried.

Ports of call: NAPLES, PLYMOUTH, HAVRE, HAMBURG.
NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

Outward.

RHENANIA	1st Oct.
SILESIA	2nd Nov.
Hongkong, 2nd August, 1907.	

Homeward.

SCANDIA	7th Aug.
HABSURG	4th Sept.
RHENANIA	4th Oct.

FOR NEW YORK.
(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast).

THE Steamship
"TUDOR PRINCE,"
Captain McDougall, will be despatched for the above Port, on or about THURSDAY, the 15th August.

For Freight, apply to
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd July, 1907.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Connecting at Tacoma with
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY
COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR
VICTORIA, B.C., AND TACOMA,
VIA
MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer	Tons.	Captain.	Sailing.
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Shawmut 9,600 E. V. Roberts 15th Aug.
Tremont 9,600 T. W. Garlick 10th Sept.

CHEAP FARES, EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION,
ATTENDANCE AND CUISINE, ELECTRIC
LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESSES.

The twin-screw s.s. Shawmut and Tremont are fitted with very superior accommodation for first and second class passengers. The large size of these vessels ensures steadiness at sea. Electric fan in each room. Barber's shop and steam-laundry. Cargo carried in cold storage.

PARCEL EXPRESS TO THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.
For further information, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,
General Agents.

Queen's Buildings,
Hongkong, 17th July, 1907.

"SOUTH AFRICAN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR DURBAN.
THE Steamship
"HELIOPLIS,"
Captain Martin, will be despatched as above on or about 20th August.

For Freight, apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 25th July, 1906.

FOR VLADIVOSTOK.

THE Steamship
"VINE BRANCH,"
will be despatched as above on or about 10th September.

For Freight and further Particulars, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,
Agents.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1907.

STEAM TO CANTON.

THE New Twin Screw Steel Steamers

"KWONG TUNG".....Capt. H. W. WALKER.
"KWONG SAI".....Capt. E. S. CROWE.
Leave Hongkong for Canton at 9 every evening, (Saturday excepted).
Leave Canton for Hongkong at 5.30 every evening, (Sunday excepted).

These Fine New Steamers have unexcelled Accommodation for First Class Passengers and are lit throughout by Electricity. Electric Fans in First Class Cabins.

Passage Fare—Single Journey.....\$4.
Meals.....\$1.25 each

The Company's Wharf is situated in front of the New Western Market, opposite the old Harbour Office.

YUEN ON S.S. CO., LD.,
and
SHIU ON S.S. CO., LD.,
No. 8, Queen's Road West.

Hongkong, 3rd July, 1907.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.
REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE
BETWEEN
HONGKONG, CALLAO
AND
IQUIQUE via JAPAN PORTS
(KARATSU, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA).

With option to call at MEXICAN and other Coast ports.

Steamers Tons To sail on
"GLENFARG".....3,500.....Middle of Aug.
"KASATO MARU".....6,100.....End of Sept.

Taking Freight and Passengers to other Eastern and Western Coast ports of South America in connection with Steamers of the Pacific S. N. Co.

* Passenger only.
For further information as to Freight and Passage, apply to

K. MATSUDA,
Manager,
York Building.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1907.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE
TO NEW YORK,
via PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL.

(With Liberty to Call at Malabar Coast).
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

FOR NEW YORK.
S.S. "SATSUMA".....7th Sept.
FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK.
S.S. "GHAEZE".....14th Sept.

For Freight and further information, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,
Agents.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1907.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.
TWO VERY VALUABLE PIECES OF
LANDED PROPERTY situate at
CANTON near the Hongkong, Canton and
Macao Steamboat Company's wharf and facing
the river. The Deeds can be seen at the
office of the undersigned.

For further particulars, apply to—
GOLDING and BARLOW,
Solicitors,
10, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1907.

HUMBER
CYCLES.

THE BEST IN THE
WORLD.

Cycles Makers
BY
ROYAL WARRANTS
TO
H.M. KING EDWARD VII.
AND
H.B.H. PRINCE OF WALES.

WITH THE LATEST, BEST 3 SPEEDGEAR,
GEAR CASES AND DUNLOP TYRES.

From \$120 to \$150 each.
GUARANTEE FOR 3 YEARS.

WILL CLIMB ANY HILL ON THE LOW GEAR.

Portsmouth Evening News:—"For 38 years the name of the HUMBER has been as a guarantee of good workmanship."

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT,
AGENTS,
11, D'AGUIAR STREET and Kowloon.
Hongkong, 19th July, 1907.

HONGKONG AVERAGE MARKET
PRICES.

Corrected 3rd August, 100 cts. per 5 lbs.

BUTCHER MEAT.

Beef sirloin & prime cut—Mei Lung Pa D. 20
" Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk 20
" Roast—Shiu 20
" Breast—Ngau Lam 20
" Soup, Tong Yuk 20
" Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa 20
" Sirloin—Ngau Lam 20
" Sausages—Ngau Yuk Ching 20
" Bullock's Brains—Know 20
" Tongue fresh—Ngau Li 20
" " corned—Ham Ngau Li 20
" Head—Ngau Tau 20
" Heart—Ngau Sum 20
" Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin 20
" Feet—Ngau Kerk 20
" Kidneys—Ngau Yiu 20
" Tail—Ngau Mei 20
" Liver—Ngau Con 20
" Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To 20

Calves' Head and Feet—Ngau-chai-tau-koek 1.00
Mutton Chop—Yeung Pui Kwai 24
" Leg—Yeung Pui 24
" Shoulder—Yeung Shau 20
" Figs' Chittlings—Chi cheong 24
" Brains—Chi Know 20
" Feet—Chi Kerk 20
" Fry—Chi Chak 20
" Head—Chi Tau 20
" Heart—Chi Sum 20
" Kidneys—Chi Yiu 20
" Liver—Chi Kon 20
" Pork Chop—Chi Pui Kwai 21
" Corned—Ham Chu Yuk 20
" Leg—Chu Pui 22
" Fat or Lard—Chu Yau 20
" Sheep's Head and Feet—Yeung Tau 20
" Keok 20
" Heart—Yeung Sum 20
" Kidneys—Yeung Yiu 20
" Liver—Yeung Con 20
" Sucking Pigs, To Order—Chu Chai 20
" Suet, Beef—Sang Ngau Yau 20
" Mutton—Sang Yeung Yau 20
" Veal—Ngau Chai Yuk 20
" Sausages—Ngau Chai Yuk Tong 20

POULTRY.

Chicken—Kai Chai 30
" Capons, Large, Small—Sin Kai 32
" Ducks—Ap 22
" Doves—Pan Kan 15
" Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai 24
" Fowls, Canton—Kai 32
" " Hainan—Hoi Nam Kai 28
" Geese—Ngo 22
" Geese, Wild Shanghai—Sheung Hoi Ye 20
" " Ngo 20
" Musk Deer—Wong Keng 20
" Hare—Tu Chai 20
" Partridge—Che Khoo 20
" Pheasant—Shan Kai 20
" Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kuo 25
" " Hoihow—Hoihow Pak Kuo 23
" Quail—Um Chuan 20
" Rice Birds—Wo Fa Cheuk 20
" Snipe—Sa Chui 20
" Turkeys, Cock—Fo Kai Kung 20
" " Hen—Na 20
" Wild Ducks, Shanghai, Sui Ap 20
" Teal, Shanghai, Sui Ap Chai 20
" Wild Ducks Canton—Sang Shing Sui 20
" " Ap 20

FISH.

Barbel—Ka Yu 17
" Bream—Bin Yu 18
" Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Bin Yu 20
" Carp—Li Yu 20
" Catfish—Chik Yu 20
" Codfish—Mun Yu 20
" Crabs—Hoi 20
" Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu 20
" Dab—Sa Mang Yu 20
" Dace—Wong Mei Lun 20
" Dog Fish—Tit Tu Sa 20
" Eels, Conger—Hoi Man Yu 20
" " Fresh water—Tam Sui Yu 20
" " Yellow—Wong Sin 20
" Frogs—Tien Kai 20
" Garoupa—Sek Pan 20
" Gudgeon—Pak Kuo Yu 20
" Herrings—Tso Pak 20
" Halibut—Cheung Kwan Yu 20
" Labrus—Wong Fa Yu 20
" Loach—Wu Yu 20
" Lobsters—Lung Ha 20
" Mackerel—Chi Yu 20
" Monk Fish—Mon Yu 20
" Mullet—Chai Yu 20
" Oysters—Sang Hoi 20
" Parrotfish—Kai Kung Yu 20
" Perch—Tau Loo 20
" Pike—Fa Paw Poong 20
" Plaice—Pan Yu 20
" Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong 20
" Pomfret, White—Pak Chong 20
" Prawns—Ming Ha 20
" Ray—Pel Pa Sa 20
" Rock Fish—Sek Kau Kung 20
" Roach—Chan Yu 20
" Salmon, (Cton), fresh water—Ma Yu 20
" Yu 20

FRUITS.

Almond—Hung Yau 18
" Apples, (California)—Kam San Ping 25
" " (Chefoo)—Tin Chun Fing 18
" " Small—Hoi Tong 7
" " Custard—Fan Lai Chi 7
" Bananas, fragrant, Canton—Sang Sheng 3
" " (brides), Macao—San Heng Chiu 6
" Chestnuts, Chinese—Fong Lut 7
" Carambola—Yeung Tou 7
" Cocoanuts—Yeh Tai 12
" Grapes—Sin Tai Tai 12
" Lemons, China—Ning Moong 7
" " Amer.—Kum San Ning Moong 4
" Licices, Small Stone—Lai Chi Cob 10
" " Fresh, Lai Chi 10
" Limes, (Saigon)—Sai Kung Ning 5
" " Moong, each 5
" Mango, Manila—Lui Sung Moong 1
" Mango, Saigon—Sai Kung Moong 1
" Mangosteens, San Chuk Tai 10
" Oranges, (American)—Sang Sheng Tim 1
" " Chang 1
" " Small—Tai Kut 1
" " Mandarin—Tim Kut 1
" Olives—Pak Lam 8
" Passion Fruit 8
" Pears, (American)—Kam San Shut Li 1
" " (Canton), Cooking—Sa Li 6
" " (Shanghai)—Sheung Hoi Li 18
" Peanuts—Fa Sang 10
" Persimmons Large—Hung Chie 20
" Pine-apples, 1st quality—Sheung Poon 8
" " Ti Paw-law 5
" " and cooking—Chung-tang 5
" Paw-law 5
" Platams—Tai Chen 2
" Plums, Swatow—Hung Lai 10
" Pomeio, Siam—Chim Lo Yau 10
" Walnuts, Hop Tou 12
" " Green—Sang Hop Tuo 12
" Shanghai Lo Kwai 12

VEGETABLES, &c.

Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheung Hoi Ah 1
" Chi Chai 1
" Beans, (French) Macao—Oh Moon Pin 1
" Tau 1
" Beans, (French), Shanghai—Sheung Hoi 1
" " Pin Tau 1
" Beans, Sprout—Ah Choi 4
" Beans Long—Tau Kok 6
" Beet Root—Hung Choi Tau 2
" Brinjals, Green—Cheng Yuen Ker 4
" Brinjals, Red—Hung Ker 4
" Brassica—Pak Choi 4
" Bamboo Shoots—Cheok Shun 3
" Cabbage, Chinese, com.—Kai Choy 4
" Cabbage Root—Kai Lan Tau 2
" Cabbage, (Shanghai)—Yeh Choi 17
" Cane Shoots, bunch—Kau Shun 1
" Cauliflower, Large size—Tai Yeh Choi 1
" " Fa 1
" Cauliflower, Medium size—Cheung Yeh 1
" Choi-fa 1
" Cauliflower, Small size—Sai Yeh Choi-fa 1
" Carrots—Kam Shun 7
" Celery, Chinese—Tong Kan Choy 1
" Celery, English—Yeung Kan Choi 1
" Celery, White—Pak Yeung Kan Choi 1
" Chillies Dried—Con Lat Chiu 7
" " Red—Hung Fa 7
" " Green—Cheng Lat Chiu 7
" Curry Stuff, English—Ka Lee Choi Liu 1
" Cucumbers—Cheng Kwa 1
" Bitter Squash—Fu Kwa 1
" Cayote—Suen Tau 6
" Ginger, young—Sun Tas Keung 7
" " old—Lo Keung 7
" Horse Radish, Shanghai—Lik Kan 25
" Indian Corn—Suk Mai 4
" Lettuce—Yeung Sang Choi 1
" Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai 8
" " Mandarin—Kwei Lum Ma Tai 8
" Mushrooms Fresh—Sang Cho Kho 6
" Onions, Bombay—Yeung Chung Tau 6
" " Green—Sang Chung 6
" " Shai—Sheung Hoi Chung Tau 4
" " Japan—Yat Poon 6
" Okroes—Mo Ker 1
" Parsley, English—Yeung Un Sai 1
" Gradus Pea 1
" Green Peas—Cheng Tau 1
" Potatoes, Sweet—Fan Shu 3
" " Shanghai—Sheung Hoi Shu 3
" " Tai 3
" " Japan—Yat Poon Shu Tai 3
" " American—Fa Ki 3
" " Foochow—Fuk Chau Shu Tai 3
" Macao—Oh Moon 3
" Pumpkin—Toong Kwa 2
" Radish—Hung Lo Pak Tai 10
" Rhubarb 1
" Shallots—Con Ching Tau 8
" Spinage (Chinese)—Paw Choi 4
" Spinach—Fan Choi 4
" Tomatoes—Yeh Ker 6
" Turnips—Wu Tau 5
" Turnips, Fun-ti (Long)—Low Pak 3
" " English—Yeung Low Pak piece 4
" Vegetable Marrow—Chit Kwa 4
" Water Cresses—Sai Yeung Choi 10
" " Caltrops—Lan Kok 1
" " Lily Roots—Lin Ngau 5
" Yams—Tai Shu 3
" Sage 10
" C. W. BRETT,
Inspector of Markets.

The prices necessarily vary from day to day, and the Sanitary Board has no power to compel stallholders to sell at the prices quoted.

G. A. WOODCOCK,
Secretary, Sanitary Board.

Shipping.

Arrivals.
Arabia, Ger. s.s., 4,418, C. Neumann, 3rd Aug.,—Portland, Or. via Japan 12th July, Flour.—P. & A. S. Co.
Kwanglee, Ch. s.s., 1,468, R. Lincoln, 3rd Aug.,—Shanghai 31st July, Gen.—C. M. S. N. Co.
Fukushima Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,000, T. Ito, 3rd Aug.,—Amoy 31st July, Brick and Gen.—U. S. K.
Jacob Diedrichsen, Ger. s.s., 523, A. Uderup, 3rd Aug.,—Peking 10th July, and Heilow 2nd Aug., Gen.—J. & Co.
Shoshu Maru, Jap. s.s., 999, M. Nemoto, 3rd Aug.,—Shanghai via Ports 26th July, Gen.—O. S. K.
Rajaburi, Ger. s.s., 1,189, O. Koch, 3rd Aug.,—Bangkok 24th July, Gen.—B. & S.
Pongtong, Ger. s.s., 997, W. Billefeller, 3rd Aug.,—Bangkok 24th July, Rice and Wood.—B. & S.
Suisan, Br. s.s., 1,785, W. D. Welch, 4th Aug.,—Salina Cruz (Mexico), 29th June, Ballast.—J. M. & Co.
Childar, Nor. s.s., 1,102, A. Augensen, 4th Aug.,—Bangkok 27th July, Gen.—N. V. K.
Victoria, Swed. s.s., 1,100, J. A. Hellberg, 4th Aug.,—Java 25th July, Sugar—Aagaard, Thoresen & Co.
Shantung, Br. s.s., 1,835, J. Robinson, 4th Aug.,—Java 25th July, Sugar.—B. & S.
Wongkok, Br. s.s., 1,115, W. Reher, 4th Aug.,—Swatow 3rd Aug., Gen.—B. & S.
Fritthof, Nor. s.s., 891, O. Andersen, 4th Aug.,—Swatow 3rd Aug., Gen.—O. S. K.
Chinshing, Br. s.s., 1,207, F. Hentzen, 4th Aug.,—Swatow 3rd Aug., Ballast.—B. & S.
Hunan, Br. s.s., 1,142, C. W. Puckett, 4th Aug.,—Canton 3rd Aug., Gen.—B. & S.
Polynesia, Fr. s.s., 3,541, Bror, 4th Aug.,—Marseilles and Saigon 2nd Aug., Mails and Gen.—M. M.
Standard, Nor. s.s., 894, H. N. Hull, 4th Aug.,—Wakamatsu 29th July, Coal—Aagaard, Thoresen & Co.
Sullberg, Ger. s.s., 765, L. Tuppi, 4th Aug.,—Haiphong 2nd Aug., Coal.—B. & S.
Tonkin, Fr. s.s., 6,375, Mouton, 4th Aug.,—Shanghai 2nd Aug., Mails and Gen.—M. M.
Cheong Shing, Br. s.s., 1,356, T. H. Tisham, 4th Aug.,—Canton 4th Aug., Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Kamano Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,147, N. Maiteson, 5th Aug.,—Manila 2nd Aug., Gen.—N. V. K.
Lothian, Br. s.s., 3,212, Williamson, 5th Aug.,—Callao 22nd June, Ballast.—Order.
Korea, Am. s.s., 5,651, S. Sandberg, 5th Aug.,—San Francisco and Shanghai 2nd Aug., Mails and Gen.—P. M. S. S. Co.

Departures.

Aug. 4.
Masan Maru, for Woji.
Yasan Maru, for Woji.
Dajin Maru, for Swatow.
Toku Maru, for Kutchinotzu.
Kwanglee, for Canton.
Kwanglee, for Canton.
Aug. 5.
Chinglu, for Australian Ports.
Onang, for Samarang.
Swatow, for Bangkok.
Hongkong, for Amoy.
Tera Maru, for Keelung.
Kowloon, for Vladivostok.
Hsin, for Bangkok.
Sungai, for Hoihow.
Kafong, for Cebu.
Hunan, for Shanghai.
Probus, for Swatow.
Tjiki, for Batavia.
Skranstad, for Saigon.
Polynesia, for Shanghai.

Passengers arrived.

Per *Lothian*, from Callao—217 Chinese.
Per *Shoshu Maru*, from Shanghai & Co.—Mr. H. A. Jander.
Per *Kumano Maru*, from Manila for Hongkong—Mr. Fritz Fiedler, and Miss G. E. Smith.
For Kobe—Mr. Martin, and Mr. G. E. Smith.
For Yokohama—Miss Ethel Berne, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chudleigh, Mr. O. D. Fernandez, Mrs. H. Gordon, Mr. Hernandez, Miss Gladys Ingram, Messrs. Matson, Thomas, Mrs. Takeda and child, Mr. and Mrs. W. Winn, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Winn.
Per *Yonkin*, from Shanghai for Hongkong—Messrs. Douglas Graham, Jones Chia and boy, Rev. Robert, Dr. and Mrs. L. Morgan, Messrs. O. F. Wisner, Wichung, Ah Chang and Werner. For Saigon—Messrs. Y. D. Ong and boy, Muiro, Misses Eldio, Dancourt, Kawaguchi, Govin, Faner, Rose, and Mr. Vinson. For Singapore from Yokohama—Mr. Lichtman, From Kobe—Mr. T. Oka, and Mrs. T. Jesaki, From Shanghai—Mr. Abdullahien, Alsagoff, and Miss Katie Glick. For Batavia from Kobe Messrs. Lim Liang Ioe, chiong Na Long, Ay Gye Yong and boy, For Colombo from Yokohama—Lieut. H. Messenger, and Mr. J. Hornell. From Kobe—Mr. G. Tremlett. For Marseilles from Yokohama—Dr. J. Dupuy, Mr. R. L. Richards, Dr. Nijamura, and Mr. L. Dache. From Kobe—Mr. Rey. From Shanghai—Messrs. Coulais, Labatier, Mauger, Daule, Rev. Gordon, Messrs. Douset, G. Dirig, Piacentini, Mrs. Denis, Mrs. Christmann, Mrs. Guenee, Mrs. B. Bley, Mrs. Vincent, Mrs. Konchou, Mrs. Rivier, Mrs. Rapp, Miss G. Vittadini, Mrs. Kerboas, Mrs. Le Montagne, 18 Marines, and 5 Soldiers.

Shipping Reports.

Str. *Fritthof*, from Swatow:—Fine weather.
Str. *Suisan*, from Salina Cruz, Mexico:—Fine weather throughout.
Str. *Shoshu Maru*, from Shanghai via Ports:—Strong breeze and rough sea.
Str. *Chinshing*, from Swatow:—Strong southerly winds and heavy rain.
Str. *Shantung*, from Java:—Light to moderate S.W. monsoons, with moderate sea.
Str. *Lothian*, from Callao:—Fine weather. Had typhoon on 27th July, in Lat. 34-40 W. Long. 147-0 E.
Str. *Kwanglee*, from Shanghai:—Strong S.W. monsoon and heavy sea. One Chinese passenger died August 1st.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Amigo, Ger. s.s., 822, N. J. Baltzer, 2nd Aug.,—Hoihow 1st Aug., Rice and Gen.—J. & Co.
Choiung, Ger. s.s., 1,021, F. Heyenga, 28th July,—Bangkok 22nd July, Rice and Wood.—B. & S.
Dakolah, Br. s.s., 2,592, W. A. Ross, 27th July,—San Francisco via Shanghai 30th June, Oil in Bulk.—S. O. Co.

Eastern, Br. s.s., 2,272, W. G. McArthur, 3rd Aug.,—Sydney 1st July, Brisbane 12th, Townsville 15th, Cairns and Cooktown 6th, Thursday Island 18th, Port Darwin 22nd, Timor 4th, and Manila 31st, Gen.—G. L. & Co.
Empress of Japan, Br. s.s., 3,539, Henry Pybus, R.N.R., 24th July,—Vancouver 6th July, and Shanghai 21st, Mails and Gen.—C. P. R. Co.
Glenn, Br. s.s., 2,100, J. R. R. 28th July,—Amoy 23rd July, Coal—McG. Bros. & Co.
Haimun, Br. s.s., 616, A. J. Robson, 3rd Aug.,—Fochow 31st July, Amoy 1st Aug., and Swatow 2nd, Gen.—L. & Co.
Hanoi, Fr. s.s., 781, P. Merlees, 3rd Aug.,—Haiphong 31st July, and Hoihow 2nd Aug., Gen.—A. R. M.
Harbani, Br. s.s., 2,149, H. Bowling, 31st July,—Melbourne 29th June, Flour.—S. T. & Co.
Hongkong Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,447, E. Bent, 27th July,—San Francisco 28th June, Honolulu 1st July, Yokohama 18th, Kobe 19th, Nagasaki 21st, and Shanghai 24th, Mails and Gen.—T. K. K.
Kashima Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,746, M. Utsu, 25th July,—Moji 17th July, Coal—M. B. K.
Keong Wai, Ger. s.s., 1,111, J. Kohler, 31st July,—Bangkok 15th July, Rice and Teakwood.—B. & S.
Knivberg, Ger. s.s., 646, J. Kayser, 22nd July,—Macao 22nd July, Ballast.—J. & Co.
Laisan, Br. s.s., 3,460, E. J. Todd, 2nd Aug.,—Calcutta 18th July, Penang and Singapore 28th, Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Monteagle, Br. s.s., 3,953, S. Robinson, R.N.R., 25th July,—Vancouver 28th June, and Shanghai 22nd July, Gen.—C. P. R. Co.
Nikkai Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,044, W. Nakagawa, 30th July,—Hongay 26th July, Coal.—Mr. Bure.
Palma, Br. s.s., 4,913, W. G. Cockman, 1st Aug.,—London 22nd June, Gen.—P. & O. S. N. Co.
Phuyen, Fr. s.s., 1,240, Bouisson, 31st July,—Saigon 26th July, Rice.—B. & Co.
Progress, Nor. s.s., 1,641, Thor. Schjewis, 28th July,—Saundakan 23rd July, Gen.—Wallem & Co.
Pronto, Nor. s.s., 1,838, T. Seeborg, 2nd Aug.,—Saigon 28th July, Rice.—Wallem & Co.
Solstad, Nor. s.s., 897, N. Bjornsgaard, 1st Aug.,—Saigon 27th July, Rice—Aagaard, Thoresen & Co.
Sungking, Br. s.s., 987, G. H. Penndelater, 31st July,—Cebu and Iloilo 13th July, Sugar and Wood.—B. & S.
Teau, Br. s.s., 1,346, A. Sommerville, 2nd Aug.,—Manila 30th July, Gen.—B. & S.
Telemachus, Br. s.s., 1,400, J. Williamson, 31st July,—Saigon 27th July, Rice.—Wo Fat Seng & Co.
Waishing, Br. s.s., 1,170, Richard, 30th July,—Moji 25th July, Coal.—J. M. & Co.
Wingsang, Br. s.s., 1,552, H. J. Walker, 3rd Aug.,—Moji 27th July, Coal.—J. M. & Co.

SAILING VESSELS.

King George, Br. ship, 2, 57, J. C. White, 21st July,—Swatow 5th July, Ballast.—S. O. Co.
Lyndhurst, Br. 4-masted ship, 3,501, Parnell, 26th July,—Kobe 1st June, Ballast.—S. O. Co.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Bar. Th. Hu. Wind W.					
Vladivostok, 7 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Nemuro, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Hakodate, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Kobe, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Kochi, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Nagasaki, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Kagoshima, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Oshima, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Naha, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Ishikijima, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Cheloo, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Weihow, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Shanghai, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Shanghai, 9 a.m.	29.74	76	SE	2	ovr
Gutli, 9 a.m.	29.76	77	SE	2	omd
Moorehead, 9 a.m.	29.76	77	SE	2	omd
Sharp Peak, 9 a.m.	29.76	77	SE	2	omd
Amoy, 9 a.m.	29.66	82	SE	1	o
Faichou, 9 a.m.	29.71	81	SE	1	o
Taipei, 9 a.m.	29.79	—	—	—	—
Faichou, 9 a.m.	29.79	—	—	—	—
Koshu, 9 a.m.	29.78	—	—	—	—
Pescadore, 9 a.m.	29.78	—	—	—	—
Canton, 9 a.m.	29.76	86	SE	2	ovr
Longkou, 10 a.m.	29.74	87	SE	2	ovr
Victoria Peak, 10 a.m.	29.74	87	SE	2	ovr
Cap Rock, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Macao, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Hoihow, 9 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Pakhoi, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Phulien, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Tourane, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Aparr, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Manila, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Legaspi, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Bacolod, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Hilo, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Cebu, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Labuan, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—

August 5th, 1907, a.m.

Vladivostok, 7 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Nemuro, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Hakodate, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Kobe, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Kochi, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Nagasaki, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Kagoshima, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Oshima, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Naha, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Ishikijima, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Cheloo, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Weihow, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Shanghai, 6 a.m.	29.97	—	SW	4	—
Shanghai, 9 a.m.	29.74	76	SE	2	ovr
Gutli, 9 a.m.	29.76	77	SE	2	omd
Moorehead, 9 a.m.	29.76	77	SE	2	omd
Sharp Peak, 9 a.m.	29.76	77	SE	2	omd
Amoy, 9 a.m.	29.66	82	SE	1	o
Faichou, 9 a.m.	29.71	81	SE	1	o
Taipei, 9 a.m.	29.79	—	—	—	—
Faichou, 9 a.m.	29.79	—	—	—	—
Koshu, 9 a.m.	29.78	—	—	—	—
Pescadore, 9 a.m.	29.78	—	—	—	—
Canton, 9 a.m.	29.76	86	SE	2	ovr
Longkou, 10 a.m.	29.74	87	SE	2	ovr
Victoria Peak, 10 a.m.	29.74	87	SE	2	ovr
Cap Rock, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Macao, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Hoihow, 9 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Pakhoi, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Phulien, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Tourane, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Aparr, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Manila, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Legaspi, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Bacolod, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Hilo, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Cebu, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—
Labuan, 10 a.m.	29.75	—	—	—	—

Aug. 4th 4 p.m. Aug. 5th 4 p.m.
Barometer 29.75 29.68
Temperature 79 82
Humidity 81 84
Relative 2.13 2.13

Steamers Expected.

Vessels	From	Agents	Due
Marmora	Singapore	P. & O. Co.	Aug. 7
Levanos	Singapore	C. & Co.	Aug. 7
Shawmut	Manila	D. & Co., Ltd.	Aug. 8
Iyo Maru	Manila	N. Y. K.	Aug. 8
Wakamiya Maru	Manila	N. Y. K.	Aug. 8
Spang	Singapore	D. S. & Co.	Aug. 9
P. E. Friedrich	Colombo	M. & Co.	Aug. 12
Zietze	Japan	M. & Co.	Aug. 13
America Maru	Japan	T. K. K.	Aug. 17
Indravelli	New York	S. T. & Co.	Aug. 20
Tantar	Vancouver	C. P. R. Co.	Aug. 23

DOCK-RETURNS.

Vessels	From	Agents	Due
Vigilante	at Kowloon Dock		
Hunan	at Kowloon Dock		
Dakolah	at Kowloon Dock		

The Ships Passed Canal.

28th June—*Formosa, Galesman, Montreal, Kowloon Maru, Salina Cruz, Wilk, Prins, and Hokkaido Maru, Benmar, Indar, Maru, Pagan, 5th July—Oceania, Indar, Afax, Palma, Tawer, Chikago Maru, Nor, Verward, 9th July—Indar Maru, 12th July—Iyo Maru, Glenara, 16th July—Indar, Glamorgan, Kawakura Maru, Amel, Maru, Tambo, 23rd July—Prins, Elit, Friedrich, Devanah, Hydra, 26th July—Agamemnon, Lennox, Nubia, Indar, Samaki Maru, Tourane, Brasilia, 30th July—Glasgow, Fintona, 30th July—Hilich, Maru, Roon, Sagala, Sikh, Braunsfeld, Norman, Fritsch, Whitecross, 2nd August—Orli, Achilles, Anamor, Sydney, Liberia.*

Arrivals at Home—25th June—Belgravia, Athol, Persia, Bayern, Slidren, Tamba Maru, 26th July—Sumatra, 28th June—Tourane, 2nd July—Bendalor, 9th July—Bengal, Breis, Hual, Glenar, Indar, Malacca, Sme, gambi, P. R. Luitpold, Solrud, 12th July—Formosa, 16th July—Galesman, Hokkaido, 18th July—Benmar, Nor, 23rd July—Benmar, Kowakura Maru, Montreal, 25th July—Malacca, 26th July—Scharnhorst, Australian, Prometheus, Brall, 30th July—Glasgow, Trieste, 22nd August—Indar, Indar.

Post Office.

A Mail will close for—
Haiphong—Per Hanoi, 6th Aug. 9 A.M.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco—Per Hongkong Maru, 6th Aug. 10 A.M.
Bangkok—Per Chikago, 6th Aug. 10 A.M.
Rangoon, India, and Mauritius—Per Tonkin, 6th Aug. 11 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow—Per Haimun, 6th Aug. 1 P.M.
Macao—Per Sui Tai, 6th Aug. 1 P.M.
Manila—Per Teau, 6th Aug. 3 P.M.

HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SHIPS ON THE CHINA STATION.

HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SHIPS ON THE CHINA SERVICE.						
NAME.	CLASS.	TONS.	GUNS.	I.H.P.	CAPTAIN.	LAST REPORTED AT.
Alciny	despatch-vessel.	700	4	3,000	Commander E. La T. Leatham	Weihow
Astron	cruiser, 2nd class	4,360	10	7,000	Captain C. L. Vaughan-Lee	Japan
Bedford	cruiser, 1st class	9,800	14	22,000	Captain S. E. Erskine	Shanghai
Bramble	river gunboat	710	0	900	Lieut.-Commander E. G. W. Davidson	Hongkong
Brimont	river gunboat	710	0	900	Lieut.-Commander W. L. Bamber	Weihow
Cadmus	sloop	1,070	0	1,400	Commander B. L. Majendie	Hongkong
Cherub	water tank and tug	300	0	300	Commander C. D. S. Raikes	Shanghai
Clio	sloop	1,070	0	1,400	Lieut.-Commander A. L. Gresson	Japan
Fame	torpedo boat destroyer	306	6	5,700	Captain H. Grant-Dalton	Hongkong
Flora	cruiser, 2nd class	4,360	10	7,000	Lieut.-Commander W. H. Darwall	Japan
Handy	torpedo boat destroyer	275	6	4,000	Lieut.-Commander Dickens	Japan
Hart	torpedo boat destroyer	280	6	3,900	Lieut.-Commander C. A. Fremantle	Hongkong
Iantis	torpedo boat destroyer	9,800	14	22,000	Captain S. V. de Horsey	Japan
Kenil	cruiser, 1st class	14,100	18	30,000	Captain C. E. Thorsby	Japan
King Alfred	cruiser, 1st class	14,100	18	30,000	Lieut.-Commander Percy Crabtree	Yangtze
Kinba	river gunboat	616	4	1,200	Commander F. H. Walter	Pennag
Merlin	surveying ship	1,070	0	1,400	Captain J. A. Fuke	Yokohama
Moamouth	cruiser, 1st class	9,800	14	22,000	Lieut.-Commander Robert E. Vaughan	West River
Moorehead	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lieut.-Commander J. Kiddle	Yangtze
Otter	torpedo boat destroyer	180	2	800	Lieut.-Commander C. C. Walcott	Hongkong
Robin	river gunboat	85	2	240	Lieut.-Commander H. R. Tickell	West River
Sandpiper	river gunboat	85	2	240	Lieut.-Commander S. H. Tennysen	Yangtze
Snipe	river gunboat	85	2	240	Boin, W. Strath	Hongkong
Taku	torpedo boat destroyer	275	6	5,700	Commodore R. H. S. Stokes	Hongkong
Tamar	receiving ship	4,360	0	—	Lieut.-Commander H. B. Godfrey	Yangtze
Teal	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lieut.-Commander R. M. R. West	Hongkong
Thistle	river gunboat	710	0	900	Lieut.-Commander Stevenson	Amoy
Virago	torpedo boat destroyer	355	6	6,300	Commander K. W. Glennie	Japan
Waterwitch	surveying ship	620	4	450	Lieut.-Commander H. B. Cox	Yangtze
Whiting	torpedo boat destroyer	360	6	5,900	Lieut.-Commander G. B. Spicer-Simson	Yangtze
Widgeon	river gunboat	195	2	800	Lieut.-Commander G. J. Todd	Yangtze
Woodcock	river gunboat	150	2	550	Lieut.-Commander	Yangtze
Woodlark	river gunboat	150	2	550	Lieut.-Commander Jno. F. Knox	Yangtze

SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. E. S. KADOORIE & Co. Corrected to noon; later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT.	LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE RETURN AT PRESENT QUOTATION, BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
BANKS.								
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	\$125	\$125	\$1,000,000	\$1,721,558	{ £1.15/- and bonus of £1 @ Ex. 2/3 = \$24.33 making \$40.80 for 1906 }	4 1/2 %	\$675 a. ex n. ls. \$515 a. n. issue London £51 ex new issue London £60 n. issue first call \$51
Do. (new)	40,000	\$125	\$62 1/2	\$500,000				
National Bank of China, Limited	99,925	£7	£6	£12,735	\$71,273	\$2 (London 3/6) for 1903		\$51
MARINE INSURANCES.								
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,675,000	\$233,638	\$20 for 1905	7 1/2 %	\$270
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£15	£5	£10,000	Tls. 185,539	{ Interim of 7/6 for account 1906 @ ex. 2/10 12.16 per tael }	6 %	Tls. 75 buyers
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	12,400	\$250	\$100	\$3,000,000	11,460,400	{ Final of \$12 making \$42 for 1905 and interim of \$3 for 1906 }	5 1/2 %	\$775
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	8,000	\$100	\$60	\$80,000	\$461,467	\$12 for year ending 31.12.05	6 1/2 %	\$180 sellers
FIRE INSURANCES.								
Chion Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$1,000,000	\$562,980	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1905	9 1/2 %	\$88 sellers
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,000,000	\$435,216	\$40 for 1905	12 1/2 %	\$320 sellers
SHIPPING.								
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$7,000	\$565	\$1 for 1906	6 1/2 %	\$15
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	\$25,000	Nil.	\$2 1/2 for year ended 30.6.1906	6 %	\$41
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15	\$60,000	\$20,170	\$1 for 2nd half-year making \$2.00 for 1906	6 1/2 %	\$29 1/2
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited	60,000	£10	£10	£60,000	£3,694	\$1 for 1906 @ ex 2/2 = \$1.14 per share	3 1/2 %	\$67
Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	200,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 50,372	Tls. 1,337	{ Final of Tls. 31 making Tls. 5 1/2 (Pref.) and final of Tls. 3 making Tls. 5 1/2 (Ord.) for '06 Interim of 1/- (Coupon No. 8) for a/c 1907 }	11 1/2 %	Tls. 47
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	1,000,000	£1	£1	£5,167,141	£5,355,600		10 1/2 %	Tls. 50 buyers
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$5,000	\$157	{ \$1.00 for year ending 30.4.1907 \$0.50 }	4 1/2 %	\$25
Taku Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 98,000	18,730	Final of Tls. 2 making Tls. 6 for 1906	12 1/2 %	Tls. 48
REFINERIES.								
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$450,000	9,218	\$8 for year ending 31.12.06	8 %	\$100
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	none		\$1 for 1907		\$21
Perak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 100,000	Tls. 8,935	Tls. 4 (8 %) for year ending 31.8.06	4 1/2 %	Tls. 89 sellers
MINING.								
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	£110,000	£14,546	Interim of 1/6 for a/c year ending 28.2.07	4 %	Tls. 15.70 sellers
Raub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	150,000	£1	18/10	£20,011	£8,745	No. 12 of 1/- = 48 cents		\$5 buyers
DOCKS, WHARVES, & GODOWNS.								
Fenwick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	18,000	\$25	\$25	\$64,124	\$10,335	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.06	10 %	\$17 1/2 sellers
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	40,000	\$50	\$50	\$100,000	\$3,047	Interim of \$2 for six months ending June 30th 1907	7 %	\$7 1/2 ex div.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	\$30,000	\$400,933	\$6 for 2nd half-year making \$12 for 1906	12 %	\$100 buyers
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$49,500	Tls. 10,459	Tls. 3 for year ending 30th April 1907	4 1/2 %	Tls. 72 ex div. b.
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company, Limited	36,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,000,000	Tls. 23,117	{ Final of Tls. 10 making Tls. 18 for year ending 31.12.06 on old capital }	8 %	Tls. 217 sellers
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.								
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 15,000	Tls. 3,388	Tls. 6 for 14 months ending 28.2.07	6 %	Tls. 103
Astor House Hotel Company, Limited (Shanghai)	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$30,000	\$5,418	\$3 for year ended 30.6.1906	10 1/2 %	\$28
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	\$1,000	\$9,178	\$1.80 for 1906	12 %	\$15
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	\$64,075	1371	\$5 for second half-year making \$10 for 1906	9 %	\$10
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	\$26,075	\$56,218	Interim of \$3 1/2 for half year ending 30.6.07	7 1/2 %	\$98 sales
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	\$208,386	\$1,567	80 cents for 1906	7 1/2 %	\$10 1/2 buyers
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	none	\$1,089	\$2 1/2 for 1906	6 1/2 %	\$37
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 869,493	Tls. 61,998	Interim of Tls. 3 for account 1907	7 1/2 %	Tls. 100 sales
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	Tls. 170,000	\$1,519	Interim of \$2 for half year ending June 30th	8 1/2 %	\$48 ex div.
COTTON MILLS.								
Iwo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	15,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 150,000	Tls. 64,986	Tls. 10 for year ended 31.10.1906	15 1/2 %	Tls. 64 sellers
Hongkong Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 45,939	\$21,660	\$1 1/2 for the year ending 31.7.06	11 1/2 %	\$11
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	Tls. 150,000	Tls. 36,211	Tls. 6 for year ended 30.9.06 (8 %)	11 1/2 %	Tls. 52 buyers
Lao-kung-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	none	Tls. 31,469	Tls. 8 for 1906	8 1/2 %	Tls. 92 1/2 buyers
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 500	Tls. 28,257	Tls. 50,663	Tls. 50 for 1906	15 1/2 %	Tls. 325
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,604	12/6	12/6	£1,299	£638	1/3 per share for 1906	9 %	\$6 1/2
Campbell, Moore & Co., Limited	1,200	\$10	\$10	19,000	1653	\$3 for 1905		\$20 sellers
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	none	Nil.	\$1 for 1904		\$9 1/2 buyers
China Flour Mill Co., Limited	4,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 50,000	Tls. 889	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 10 for 1905		Tls. 60 buyers
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$25,000	60 cents for year ended 13.2.05	9 %	\$5
Do. special shares	50,000	\$1	\$1	none	\$25,000	80 cents for 1906	9 %	\$8.97 sellers
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	100,000	\$10	\$10	\$115,000	\$855	\$1.30 for year ending 31.7.1906	8 1/2 %	\$15 buyers
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	25,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	\$50,000	\$2,555	Interim of 50 cents per share for a/c 1907	9 1/2 %	\$10 1/2 buyers
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	\$11,000	\$10,804	\$2 1/2 for year ending 28.2.07	12 %	\$21 buyers
Hall & Holts, Limited	21,000	\$20	\$20	\$186,000	\$15,031	\$1 per share for year ending 28.2.07	7 %	\$14 1/2 sellers
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$2,933	Interim of \$4 for 1-year ending June 30th '07	9 1/2 %	\$24 1/2 ex div.
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	\$105,000	\$4,361	\$2.00 for year ending 31.12.06	9 %	\$22 1/2 buyers
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 547,500	\$4,212	Second interim div. of Tls. 7 1/2 for a/c 1907	9 1/2 %	Tls. 305 sellers
Maatschappij tot Mijn- en Landbouw- exploitatie in Langkat, Limited	25,000	Gs. 100	Gs. 100	Tls. 27,633	Tls. 10,374	\$1 per sh. ordered from 19th Oct. to 30th Apr. '07		\$10 1/2 buyers
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	25,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$2,655	{ Final of Tls. 3 1/2 and bonus of Tls. 1 1/2 for year ending 31.12.06 }	4 1/2 %	Tls. 45 sales
Peak Tramways Company (new)	50,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 100,000	Tls. 7,990	Tls. 4 for 1905	12 1/2 %	Tls. 80 sellers
Philippine Company, Limited	75,500	\$10	\$10	Tls. 8,000	Tls. 3,354	Final of Tls. 5 and Tls. 10 for 1906	8 1/2 %	Tls. 120 sales
Shanghai Gas Company, Limited	24,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 67,323	Tls. 7,843	Final of Tls. 6 making Tls. 10 for 1906		Tls. 300 buyers
Shanghai Horse Bazaar Co., Ltd.	5,400	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 45,000	Tls. 9,751	Interim div. of 15/- for 1-year 1905		Tls. 270 buyers
Shanghai Pulp and Paper Company, Limited	4,500	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 8,000	Tls. 3,354	Interim div. of 5/- for 1-year 1905		\$22
Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	Tls. 24,820	Tls. 7,843	None	4 1/2 %	\$7
Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited	8,175	£20	£20	Tls. 190,000	Tls. 85,592	Interim of Tls. 4 for year 1905/6	6 1/2 %	Tls. 97
South China Morning Post, Limited	7,200	£20	£20	none	Dr. \$11,934	First year		\$12 1/2 sales
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	none	Dr. \$11,934	{ 70 cents on 9,900 ord. shares and \$9.90 on 100 Founders for year ending 31.5.1906 Final of 40 cents per share making 80 cents for year ending 31.12.07 }	7 1/2 %	\$10 1/2 buyers
Tientsin Waterworks Company, Limited	20,000	\$5	\$5	none	Tls. 1,012	Final of 30 cts. making 80 cts. for the year ended 30th June, 1905	10 %	\$8
Union Waterboat Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 4,000	\$349			
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$4	\$35,000	\$752			
Watson, (A. S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$10	\$300,000	\$5,482			
William Powell, Limited	15,000	\$10	\$10	\$25,000	\$182			

* These shares are entitled to half of the profits.

Mails.

MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA,
INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITER-
RANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH
AND LONDON.(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA,
PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL AMERI-
CAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.)

THE Steamship

"DELHI."

Captain J. D. Andrews, R.M.R., carrying His
Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this
for BOMBAY, &c., on SATURDAY, the 10th
August, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo
for the above Ports, in connection with the
Company's S.S. *Himalaya*, 7,000 tons, from
Colombo, Passengers' accommodation in which
vessel is secured before departure from Hong-
kong.Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France,
and Tea for London (under arrangement)
will be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail
steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and
London.Parcels will be received at this Office until
4 P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents
and Value of all Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1907.

The S.S. "TONKIN."

Captain Mouton, will be despatched for
MARSEILLES TO-MORROW, the 6th
August, at 1 P.M.Passage tickets and through Bills of Lading
issued for above ports, and for Australia with
prompt transshipment at Colombo.Cargo also booked for principal places in
Europe.

Next sailings will be as follows:—

S.S. *SALAZIE* 20th August.S.S. *POLYNESIE* 3rd Sept.S.S. *TOURANE* 17th Sept.S.S. *AUSTRALIEN* 1st Oct.S.S. *NERA* 15th Oct.S.S. *PARRA* 29th Oct.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1907.

Intimations.

ACHEE & CO.

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&c. &c. &c.

Telephone 256.

DEPOT

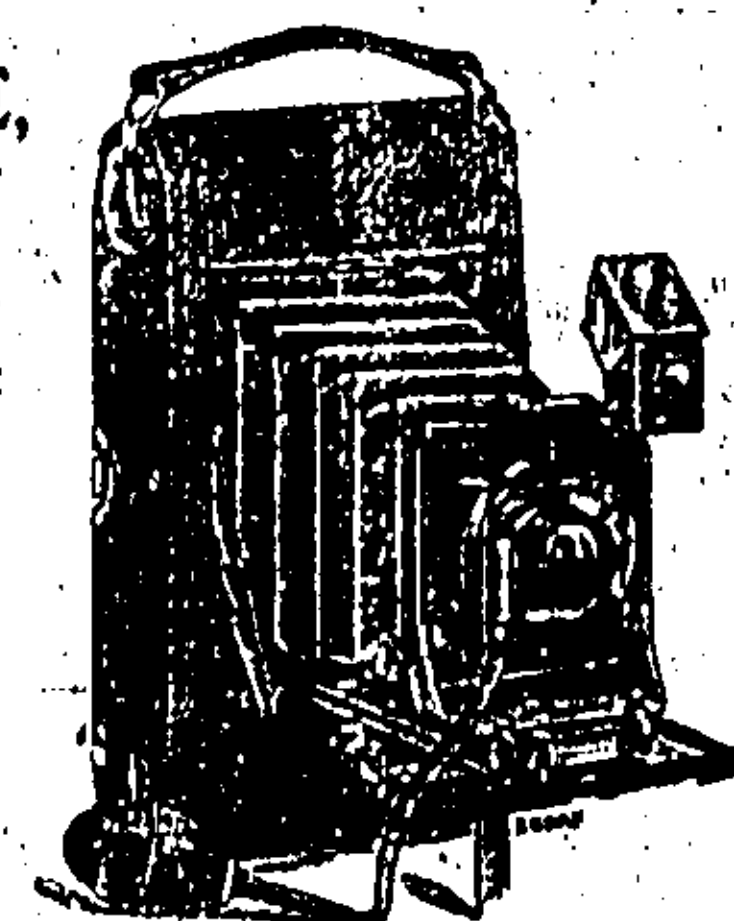
FOR

KASTMAN'S

KODAKS, FILMS,

AND

ACCESSORIES.



AMATEUR WORK Receives PROMPT and CAREFUL ATTENTION.

Hongkong, 16th May, 1907.

DEWAR'S
WHISKY

Sole Agents: BUMANN & BERBLINGER.

15, 16 & 17, Connaught Road Central.

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